# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**GABRIEL SIMMERMAN** 

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 11A-UI-03993-M2T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

**WAL-MART STORES INC** 

Employer

OC: 02/06/11

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated March 22, 2011, reference 06, which held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on April 19, 2011. Employer participated. Claimant failed to respond to the hearing notice and did not participate.

## ISSUE:

The issue in this matter is whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer.

# FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and having considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant quit the employment on or about February 21, 2011 because of an inability to get along with co-workers, and perhaps other personal reasons unknown from this record.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

## 871 IAC 24.25(6) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to lowa Code section 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence

that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving Iowa Code section 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(6) The claimant left as a result of an inability to work with other employees.

The claimant quit the employment due to an inability to work with co-workers, and for perhaps other unknown personal reasons. The quit was without good cause attributable to the employer.

## **DECISION:**

The decision of the representative dated March 22, 2011, reference 06, is affirmed. Unemployment insurance benefits shall be withheld until claimant has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Stan McElderry Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	
srm/kjw	