IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

STEPHANIE L LEAF

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 12A-UI-09315-LT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

CRST VAN EXPEDITED INC

Employer

OC: 06/24/12

Claimant: Appellant (1-R)

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Ability to and Availability for Work

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed an appeal from the July 26, 2012 (reference 02) decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held by telephone conference call on August 27, 2012. Claimant participated. Employer participated through Human Resources Director Angie Stastny. Claimant's Exhibits A through D were admitted to the record.

ISSUE:

Is claimant able to and available for work effective July 26, 2012?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant was employed full-time as a customer service coordinator and was separated from employment on June 27, 2012. That issue has not yet been determined at the claims/fact-finding level. Her last day of work was June 8, 2012 and was absent through June 27, 2012 due to complications with her pregnancy. She filed a claim for benefits effective June 24, 2012. Her due date is January 7, 2013. Sporadic Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) leave effective April 5, 2012 was approved on June 19, 2012. (Claimant's Exhibit A)

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes that the claimant is not able to work and available for work effective June 24, 2012.

Iowa Code § 96.4-3 provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph 1, or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

871 IAC 24.22(1)a provides:

Benefits eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

- (1) Able to work. An individual must be physically and mentally able to work in some gainful employment, not necessarily in the individual's customary occupation, but which is engaged in by others as a means of livelihood.
- a. Illness, injury or pregnancy. Each case is decided upon an individual basis, recognizing that various work opportunities present different physical requirements. A statement from a medical practitioner is considered prima facie evidence of the physical ability of the individual to perform the work required. A pregnant individual must meet the same criteria for determining ableness as do all other individuals.

871 IAC 24.23(35) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(35) Where the claimant is not able to work and is under the care of a physician and has not been released as being able to work.

Inasmuch as the medical condition is not work-related, and the employer is not obligated to accommodate a non-work-related medical condition, claimant is not considered able to or available for work.

DECISION:

The representative's decision dated July 26, 2012 (reference 02) is affirmed. The claimant is not able to work and available for work effective June 24, 2012. Benefits are withheld until such time as the claimant obtains a full medical release to return to work unless she is involuntarily separated before that time.

REMAND:

The June 27, 2012 separation iss	ue delineated in the findings	of fact is remanded to the Claims
Section of Iowa Workforce Develo	pment for an initial investiga	tion and determination.

Dévon M. Lewis Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

dml/kjw