

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

HALI E WOODS

Claimant

APPEAL 20A-UI-03122-CL-T

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

CRIC LTD

Employer

OC: 03/15/20

Claimant: Appellant (6)

Iowa Code § 96.5(1) – Voluntary Quitting

Iowa Code § 96.3(7) – Recovery of Benefit Overpayment

PL 116-136, Sec. 2104(b) – Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation

Iowa Code § 17A.12(3) – Default Decision

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-26.14(7) – Dismissal of Appeal on Default

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from the April 13, 2020, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision that concluded claimant was not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits. Iowa Workforce Development mailed a hearing notice to the claimant and employer for a telephone hearing scheduled for May 7, 2020, at 3:00 p.m. Claimant did not provide a telephone number to the Appeals Bureau prior to the hearing, so no hearing was held. The administrative law judge took official notice of the hearing control screen which shows claimant did not provide a telephone number to the Appeals Bureau prior to the hearing.

ISSUE:

Should the appeal be dismissed based on claimant's failure to appear and participate?

Was the claimant overpaid unemployment insurance benefits?

Is the claimant eligible for Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The claimant and employer were properly notified of the scheduled hearing for this appeal. The claimant did not provide a telephone number to the Appeals Bureau prior to the hearing. Claimant did not request a postponement of the hearing. No hearing was held.

The hearing notice instruction specifically advises parties of the date and time of the hearing. It also states:

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

YOU MUST PROVIDE YOUR PHONE NUMBER TO THE APPEALS BUREAU AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. If you do not follow these instructions, the judge will not call you for the hearing. You must also provide the name(s) and phone number(s) of any witnesses to the Appeals Bureau.

The back page of the hearing notice provides further instruction and warning:

Failure to Participate or Register for Appeal Hearing

If you do not participate in the hearing, the judge may dismiss the appeal or issue a decision without considering your evidence. The Appeals Bureau does not have a phone number for this hearing unless you provide it to us by following the instructions on the other side of this page. If you do not follow those instructions, the judge will not call you for the hearing. 871 IAC 26.14(7).

The information quoted above also appears on the hearing notice in Spanish.

The administrative law judge held the record open for 15 minutes past the scheduled start time to allow the claimant a reasonable opportunity to participate. However, claimant did not call the Appeals Bureau or otherwise register a telephone number during that time frame.

The unemployment insurance decision appealed by claimant concluded that the claimant was not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits.

Despite being denied benefits at initial fact-finding, the decision was made by Iowa Workforce Development to release funds of claimants while their appeals were pending due to the backlog in appeals caused by the recent COVID 19 outbreak. Claimant was one of the individuals whose funds were released pending appeal. The administrative record shows, claimant filed for and received a total of \$3,815.00 in regular unemployment insurance benefits for the seven weeks ending May 2, 2020.

Based on a review of the administrative record, claimant has also received Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) in the amount of \$3,000.00 for the six weeks ending May 2, 2020, since this disqualifying separation from employment.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The Iowa Administrative Procedure Act at Iowa Code § 17A.12(3) states that if a party fails to appear for or participate in a hearing after being properly notified, the judge may enter a default decision or proceed with the hearing and make a decision in the absence of the party.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-26.14(7) provides, in relevant part:

(7) If a party has not responded to a notice of telephone hearing by providing the appeals bureau with the names and telephone numbers of the persons who are participating in the hearing by the scheduled starting time of the hearing or is not available at the telephone number provided, the presiding officer may proceed with the hearing. If the appealing party fails to provide a telephone number or is unavailable for the hearing, the presiding officer may decide the appealing party is in default and dismiss the appeal as provide in Iowa Code section 17A.12(3).

If the claimant disagrees with this decision, the claimant may appeal the decision directly to the Employment Appeal Board, whose address is listed at the top right caption.

As claimant was receiving benefits, pending a determination on her appeal, the next issue in this case is whether the claimant was overpaid unemployment insurance benefits.

Iowa Code § 96.3(7) provides, in pertinent part:

7. Recovery of overpayment of benefits.

a. If an individual receives benefits for which the individual is subsequently determined to be ineligible, even though the individual acts in good faith and is not otherwise at fault, the benefits shall be recovered. The department in its discretion may recover the overpayment of benefits either by having a sum equal to the overpayment deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual or by having the individual pay to the department a sum equal to the overpayment.

Since the decision disqualifying the claimant has been affirmed, the claimant was overpaid \$3,815.00 in unemployment insurance benefits.

The administrative law judge additionally concludes claimant has been overpaid Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation.

PL116-136, Sec. 2104 provides, in pertinent part:

(b) Provisions of Agreement

(1) Federal pandemic unemployment compensation.--Any agreement under this section shall provide that the State agency of the State will make payments of regular compensation to individuals in amounts and to the extent that they would be determined if the State law of the State were applied, with respect to any week for which the individual is (disregarding this section) otherwise entitled under the State law to receive regular compensation, as if such State law had been modified in a manner such that the amount of regular compensation (including dependents' allowances) payable for any week shall be equal to

(A) the amount determined under the State law (before the application of this paragraph), plus

(B) an additional amount of \$600 (in this section referred to as "Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation").

....

(f) Fraud and Overpayments

(2) Repayment.--In the case of individuals who have received amounts of Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation to which they were not entitled, the State shall require such individuals to repay the amounts of such Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation to the State agency...

Here, the claimant is disqualified from receiving regular unemployment insurance (UI) benefits. Accordingly, this also disqualifies claimant from receiving Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC). In addition to the regular UI benefits claimant received, she also received an additional \$3,000.00 in FPUC benefits for the five week period ending May 2, 2020. Claimant is required to repay those benefits.

DECISION:

The April 13, 2020, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision denying benefits remains in effect as the appellant is in default and the appeal is dismissed. Claimant is overpaid regular unemployment insurance benefits in the amount of \$3,815.00 and is required to repay those benefits. Claimant is overpaid \$3,000.00 in FPUC and is required to repay those benefits, as well.



Christine A. Louis
Administrative Law Judge
Unemployment Insurance Appeals Bureau
1000 East Grand Avenue
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0209
Fax (515)478-3528

May 13, 2020
Decision Dated and Mailed

cal/scn

Note to Claimant: This decision determines you are not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits. If you disagree with this decision you may file an appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by following the instructions on the first page of this decision. Individuals—such as individuals who are SELF EMPLOYED—who do not qualify for regular unemployment insurance benefits due to disqualifying separations may qualify for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA). **You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program.** Additional information on how to apply for PUA can be found at <https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information>.