IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

LARRY SCOTT

Claimant

APPEAL 21A-UI-09104-AW-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

ADVANCE SERVICES INC

Employer

OC: 02/07/21

Claimant: Respondent (2)

Iowa Code § 96.5(1)J – VQ – Temporary employment firm

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.26(15) – VQ – Employee of Temporary Employment Firm

Iowa Code § 96.3(7) – Recovery of Benefit Overpayment

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.10 – Employer/Representative Participation Fact-finding Interview

PL 116-136, Sec. 2104 – Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Employer filed an appeal from the March 23, 2021 (reference 04) unemployment insurance decision that allowed benefits. The parties were properly notified of the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on June 16, 2021, at 2:00 p.m. Claimant did not participate. Employer participated through Melissa Lewien, Risk Manager. Employer's Exhibit 1 was admitted. Official notice was taken of the administrative record.

ISSUES:

Whether claimant's separation was a voluntary quit without good cause attributable to employer. Whether claimant made a timely request for a new job assignment.

Whether claimant was overpaid benefits.

Whether claimant should repay those benefits and/or whether employer should be charged based upon its participation in the fact-finding interview.

Whether claimant is eligible for Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC).

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant was employed by Advance Services, a temporary employment firm, for a one-day assignment on February 4, 2021. Claimant completed the assignment.

Employer has a policy that requires employees to request a new assignment within three working days of completing an assignment. (Exhibit 1) Claimant signed and received a copy of the policy. (Exhibit 1) After claimant's assignment ended on February 4, 2021, he did not request another assignment.

The administrative record reflects that claimant has not received unemployment insurance benefits since filing his initial claim effective February 7, 2021. Employer completed a questionnaire at lowa Workforce Developments' request in lieu of participating in a fact-finding interview.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes claimant quit without good cause attributable to employer. Benefits are denied.

Iowa Code section 96.5(1)(j) provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits

- 1. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department. But the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:
- j. (1) The individual is a temporary employee of a temporary employment firm who notifies the temporary employment firm of completion of an employment assignment and who seeks reassignment. Failure of the individual to notify the temporary employment firm of completion of an employment assignment within three working days of the completion of each employment assignment under a contract of hire shall be deemed a voluntary quit unless the individual was not advised in writing of the duty to notify the temporary employment firm upon completion of an employment assignment or the individual had good cause for not contacting the temporary employment firm within three working days and notified the firm at the first reasonable opportunity thereafter.
- (2) To show that the employee was advised in writing of the notification requirement of this paragraph, the temporary employment firm shall advise the temporary employee by requiring the temporary employee, at the time of employment with the temporary employment firm, to read and sign a document that provides a clear and concise explanation of the notification requirement and the consequences of a failure to notify. The document shall be separate from any contract of employment and a copy of the signed document shall be provided to the temporary employee.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.26(15) provides:

Voluntary quit with good cause attributable to the employer and separations not considered to be voluntary quits. The following are reasons for a claimant leaving employment with good cause attributable to the employer:

Employee of temporary employment firm.

- a. The individual is a temporary employee of a temporary employment firm who notifies the temporary employment firm within three days of completion of an employment assignment and seeks reassignment under the contract of hire. The employee must be advised by the employer of the notification requirement in writing and receive a copy.
- b. The individual shall be eligible for benefits under this subrule if the individual had good cause for not contacting the employer within three days and did notify the employer at the first reasonable opportunity.
- c. Good cause is a substantial and justifiable reason, excuse or cause such that a reasonable and prudent person, who desired to remain in the ranks of the employed, would find to be adequate justification for not notifying the employer. Good cause would

include the employer's going out of business; blinding snow storm; telephone lines down; employer closed for vacation; hospitalization of the claimant; and other substantial reasons.

d. Notification may be accomplished by going to the employer's place of business, telephoning the employer, faxing the employer or any other currently accepted means of communications. Working days means the normal days in which the employer is open for business.

Claimant was advised in writing of his duty to request another assignment within three working days of an assignment ending. Claimant's assignment ended February 4, 2021. Claimant did not request another assignment. Claimant voluntarily quit his employment without good cause attributable to employer. Benefits are denied.

Because no benefits were paid to claimant, the issues of overpayment, repayment and chargeability are moot.

Because claimant is not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits, claimant is also not eligible for FPUC. See PL 116-136 §2104(B).

DECISION:

The March 23, 2021 (reference 04) unemployment insurance decision is reversed. Claimant voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to employer. Benefits are denied until claimant has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided claimant is otherwise eligible. The issues of overpayment, repayment and chargeability are moot. Claimant is not eligible for FPUC.

Adrienne C. Williamson

Administrative Law Judge

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June 30, 2021

Decision Dated and Mailed

acw/ol