# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

BRIAN C FINKEN Claimant	APPEAL NO. 21A-UI-21066-B2T ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION
GENERAL DYNAMICS INFORMATION TECH Employer	OC: 08/15/21 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated September 16, 2021, reference 01, which held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on November 16, 2021. Claimant participated. Employer failed to respond to the hearing notice and did not participate.

#### **ISSUE:**

The issue in this matter is whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer.

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on or around August 15, 2021. Claimant voluntarily quit work after that date so that he might take his student teaching semester.

Claimant stated that he entered into a non-written agreement with a previous manager that employer would allow claimant to work flexible hours. This agreement was not memorialized and was not honored by the new manager

#### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

Iowa Code section 96.5(1) provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits, regardless of the source of the individual's wage credits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.25(26) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to Iowa Code section 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving Iowa Code section 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(26) The claimant left to go to school.

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has failed to establish that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because he was doing a student teaching assignment. When an employee quits to attend school (or in this case to conduct a student teaching assignment) that claimant is not eligible for unemployment benefits.

## **DECISION:**

The decision of the representative dated September 16, 2021, reference 01, is affirmed. Unemployment insurance benefits shall be withheld until claimant has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Blair A. Bennett Administrative Law Judge

<u>December 21, 2021</u> Decision Dated and Mailed

bab/mh