## IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

JEREMIAH B RAMSEY Claimant

# APPEAL NO. 12A-UI-07354-H2T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

#### FAMILY DOLLAR SERVICES INC Employer

OC: 05-13-12 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.5(1) – Voluntary Leaving 871 IAC 26.8(5) – Decision on the Record

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

An appeal was filed from an unemployment insurance decision dated July 18, 2012, reference 01, that denied benefits. A telephone hearing was scheduled for July 13, 2012. The appellant did not participate in the hearing. Based on the appellant's failure to participate in the hearing, the administrative file, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

### **ISSUE:**

The issue is whether the representative's decision should be affirmed.

### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The parties were properly notified of the scheduled hearing on this appeal. The appellant failed to provide a telephone number at which he could be reached for the hearing and did not participate in the hearing or request a postponement of the hearing as required by the hearing notice. The claimant called in after the start time of the hearing and the Administrative Law Judge began the hearing. The claimant disconnected the telephone line when questioned about why he was filing his claim during a time period when he was incarcerated. The Administrative Law Judge called the claimant back after he hung up but was not able to reach him after he disconnected the line. The Administrative Law Judge left a message for the claimant telling him to call back in to participate in the hearing by 10:20 a.m., but he did not do so. The claimant failed to make himself available for the hearing.

The administrative law judge has conducted a careful review of the administrative file to determine whether the unemployment insurance decision should be affirmed.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

871 IAC 26.8(3), (4) and (5) provide:

Withdrawals and postponements.

(3) If, due to emergency or other good cause, a party, having received due notice, is unable to attend a hearing or request postponement within the prescribed time, the presiding officer may, if no decision has been issued, reopen the record and, with notice to all parties, schedule another hearing. If a decision has been issued, the decision may be vacated upon the presiding officer's own motion or at the request of a party within 15 days after the mailing date of the decision and in the absence of an appeal to the employment appeal board of the department of inspections and appeals. If a decision is vacated, notice shall be given to all parties of a new hearing to be held and decided by another presiding officer. Once a decision has become final as provided by statute, the presiding officer has no jurisdiction to reopen the record or vacate the decision.

(4) A request to reopen a record or vacate a decision may be heard ex parte by the presiding officer. The granting or denial of such a request may be used as a grounds for appeal to the employment appeal board of the department of inspections and appeals upon the issuance of the presiding officer's final decision in the case.

(5) If good cause for postponement or reopening has not been shown, the presiding officer shall make a decision based upon whatever evidence is properly in the record.

The administrative law judge has carefully reviewed evidence in the record and concludes that the unemployment insurance decision previously entered in this case is correct and should be affirmed.

### DECISION:

The unemployment insurance decision dated June 18, 2012, reference 01, is affirmed. The representative's decision remains in effect. Benefits are denied.

Teresa K. Hillary Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

tkh/kjw