IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

ANDREA K STREIGLE

Claimant

APPEAL 20A-UI-11909-DG-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY

Employer

OC: 03/15/20

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.4(5) – Reasonable Assurance

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated September 23, 2020, (reference 01) that held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on November 4, 2020. Claimant participated personally. Employer participated by Jason Fugere, Human Resources Coordinator and was represented by Heather Smith, Attorney at Law. The administrative law judge took official notice of the administrative record.

ISSUE:

Does the claimant have reasonable assurance of continued employment in the next school term or year?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having heard the testimony and having reviewed the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant is employed as a store keeper for lowa State University during the 2020 – 2021, school year. Claimant was hired to work full-time for 9 months with scheduled breaks during the school year.

Claimant began working for employer as a full-time store keeper on August 26, 2019. Claimant was told that she would be considered a 12 month employee, but she would not be work during scheduled breaks. Claimant was given a copy of her work schedule and breaks when she began working for employer.

Claimant is currently working under a new contract that covers the 2020-2021 school year. Some adjustments had to be made during the pandemic, but claimant is still employed under the same terms as contemplated at hire.

Claimant has no other regular non-educational institution employment wage credits in the base period.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant does have reasonable assurance of continuing work during 2020 and the following academic term or year.

Iowa Code section 96.4(5)a provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

- 5. Benefits based on service in employment in a nonprofit organization or government entity, defined in section 96.19, subsection 18, are payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the same basis of other service subject to this chapter, except that:
- a. Benefits based on service in an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity in an educational institution including service in or provided to or on behalf of an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency, a government entity, or a nonprofit organization shall not be paid to an individual for any week of unemployment which begins during the period between two successive academic years or during a similar period between two regular terms, whether or not successive, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, if the individual has a contract or reasonable assurance that the individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution for both such academic years or both such terms.

Public Law 94-566 provides:

- (c) An individual who performs services for an educational institution or agency in a capacity (other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity) shall not be eligible to receive a payment of assistance or a waiting period credit with respect to any week commencing during a period between two successive academic years or terms if:
- (1) Such individual performed such services for any educational institution or agency in the first of such academic years or terms; and
- (2) There is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform services for any educational institution or agency in any capacity (other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity) in the second of such academic years or terms.

Iowa Code section 96.4(5)*b* provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

- 5. Benefits based on service in employment in a nonprofit organization or government entity, defined in section 96.19, subsection 18, are payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the same basis of other service subject to this chapter, except that:
- b. Benefits based on service in any other capacity for an educational institution including service in or provided to or on behalf of an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency, a government entity, or a nonprofit organization, shall not be paid to an individual for any week of unemployment which begins during the period between two successive

academic years or terms, if the individual performs the services in the first of such academic years or terms and has reasonable assurance that the individual will perform services for the second of such academic years or terms. If benefits are denied to an individual for any week as a result of this paragraph and the individual is not offered an opportunity to perform the services for an educational institution for the second of such academic years or terms, the individual is entitled to retroactive payments of benefits for each week for which the individual filed a timely claim for benefits and for which benefits were denied solely by reason of this paragraph.

Iowa Code section 96.4(5)c provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

- 5. Benefits based on service in employment in a nonprofit organization or government entity, defined in section 96.19, subsection 18, are payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the same basis of other service subject to this chapter, except that:
- c. With respect to services for an educational institution in any capacity under paragraph "a" or "b", benefits shall not be paid to an individual for any week of unemployment which begins during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if the individual performs the services in the period immediately before such vacation period or holiday recess, and the individual has reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the services in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.52(9) provides in part:

(9) Vacation period and holiday recess. With respect to any services performed in any capacity while employed by an educational institution, unemployment insurance payments shall not be paid to any individual for any week which commences during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if such individual performs service in the period immediately before such vacation period or holiday recess and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform service in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess. However, the provision of subrule 24.52(6) could also apply in this situation.

Iowa Code section 96.4(5)*d* provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

- 5. Benefits based on service in employment in a nonprofit organization or government entity, defined in section 96.19, subsection 18, are payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the same basis of other service subject to this chapter, except that:
- d. For purposes of this subsection, "educational service agency" means a governmental agency or government entity which is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing educational services to one or more educational institutions.

School definitions.

(6) Reasonable assurance, as applicable to an employee of an educational institution, means a written, verbal, or implied agreement that the employee will perform services in the same or similar capacity, which is not substantially less in economic terms and conditions, during the ensuing academic year or term. It need not be a formal written contract. To constitute a reasonable assurance of reemployment for the ensuing academic year or term, an individual must be notified of such reemployment.

The U.S. DOL issued Program Letter No. 5-17 on December 22, 2016, that sets out guidance for the department interpretation of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA) as it applies to institutions of higher education and part-time, adjunct or contingent faculty. It sets out three factors required for a reasonable assurance determination. First, a genuine offer of employment from a person with authority may be written, oral or implied. Second, the employment offered must be in the same capacity (e.g. professional or non-professional) as held in the previous term. Third, the economic conditions offered may not be "considerably less" than in the prior term. The letter defined "considerably less" as not earning at least 90 percent of the amount earned in the earlier academic year or term. It goes on to examine whether contingencies within the offer are within the employer's control as a means to determine if the claimant has reasonable assurance of continued employment. Circumstances such as enrollment, funding and seniority are not considered to be within the employer's control. The letter requires analysis of the "totality of circumstances" to determine whether it is "highly probable" that there is a job available for claimant the following academic term. It also requires weight be given to the contingency of the offer and if it is "highly probable" that the contingency will be met. https://wdr.doleta.gov/directives/corr_doc.cfm?docn=8999

In this case, the claimant does not have other non-educational institution wage credits in the base period. The claimant does have reasonable assurance of continued employment for the 2020-2021, school year. As a result, the claimant is not considered unemployed.

Note to Claimant: If this decision determines you are not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits and you disagree with this decision, you may file an appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by following the instructions on the first page of this decision. Individuals who do not qualify for regular unemployment insurance benefits, but who are currently unemployed for reasons related to COVID-19 may qualify for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA). **You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program.** Additional information on how to apply for PUA can be found at https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information. If this decision becomes final, or if you are not eligible for PUA, you may have an overpayment of benefits.

DECISION:

The September 23, 2020, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision is affirmed. The claimant does have reasonable assurance of returning to work the following academic year or term. Benefits are denied.

Duane L. Golden

Administrative Law Judge

Judil Z. Holdly

November 12, 2020

Decision Dated and Mailed

dlg/scn