IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEM PLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

JACKIE COOPER Claimant

APPEAL 21A-UI-05687-SN-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

ALLAMAKEE COMM SCH DIST Employer

> OC: 08/02/20 Claimant: Respondent (2)

lowa Code § 96.19(38) – Definitions – Total, partial unemployment lowa Code § 96.4(3) – Eligibility – A&A – Able to, available for, work search lowa Code § 96.7(2)A(2) – Charges – Same base period employment lowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(26) – Eligibility – A&A – Part-time same hours, wages

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The employer filed an appeal from the February 11, 2021 (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision that granted benefits. The parties were properly notified of the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on April 27, 2021, at 10:00 a.m. Claimant did not participate. Employer participated through Business Manager Jamie Curtin. The administrative law judge took official notice of the agency records.

ISSUES:

- 1. Whether claimant is able to and available for work?
- 2. Whether claimant is totally, partially or temporarily unemployed?
- 3. Whether claimant is still employed at the same hours and wages?
- 4. Whether employer's account is subject to charge?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds:

The claimant, Jackie Cooper, began her full-time employment with employer, Allamakee Community School District, on August 26, 2020. In this capacity, claimant worked 40 hours per week and earned \$130 per day.

In December 2020, the claimant sent an email to Elementary Principal Samantha Thornton stating she was taking another part-time position starting on January 4, 2021. The claimant stated she would still be able to work on an as-needed basis on Thursdays and Fridays. The employer granted this request.

The claimant continued to work for the employer on an as-needed basis until April 2021. In April 2021, the claimant voluntarily quit to take another position.

The administrative records DBRO and KCCO show the claimant only filed for unemployment insurance benefits for the week ending January 2, 2021. The employer's winter break begins on December 23, 2020 and ends on January 4, 2021.

Claimant filed her original claim for benefits on August 2, 2020. The claimant's base period stretches from the second quarter of 2019 to the first quarter of 2020. The only employer represented in the claimant's base period is lowa Rotocast Plastics Inc. The claimant's monetary record was listed as follows:

Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
\$8755	\$8755	\$8855	\$10162

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes:

lowa Code section 96.19(38) provides:

"Total and partial unemployment".

a. An individual shall be deemed "totally unemployed" in any week with respect to which no wages are payable to the individual and during which the individual performs no services.

b. An individual shall be deemed partially unemployed in any week in which either of the following apply:

(1) While employed at the individual's then regular job, the individual works less than the regular full-time week and in which the individual earns less than the individual's weekly benefit amount plus fifteen dollars.

(2) The individual, having been separated from the individual's regular job, earns at odd jobs less than the individual's weekly benefit amount plus fifteen dollars.

c. An individual shall be deemed temporarily unemployed if for a period, verified by the department, not to exceed four consecutive weeks, the individual is unemployed due to a plant shutdown, vacation, inventory, lack of work or emergency from the individual's regular job or trade in which the individual worked full-time and will again work full-time, if the individual's employment, although temporarily suspended, has not been terminated.

lowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements

of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

lowa Admin. Code r. 871-23.43(4)a provides in part:

(4) Supplemental employment.

a. An individual, who has been separated with cause attributable to the regular employer and who remains in the employ of the individual's part-time, base period employer, continues to be eligible for benefits as long as the individual is receiving the same employment from the part-time employer that the individual received during the base period. The part-time employer's account, including the reimbursable employer's account, may be relieved of benefit charges....

Iowa Admin. R. 871-24.23(26) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(26) Where a claimant is still employed in a part-time job at the same hours and wages as contemplated in the original contract for hire and is not working on a reduced workweek basis difference from the contract for hire, such claimant cannot be considered partially unemployed.

lowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22(2)i(3) provides:

Benefits eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

(2) Available for work. The availability requirement is satisfied when an individual is willing, able, and ready to accept suitable work which the individual does not have good cause to refuse, that is, the individual is genuinely attached to the labor market....

i. On-call workers.

(3) An individual whose wage credits earned in the base period of the claim consist exclusively of wage credits by performing on-call work, such as a banquet worker, railway worker, substitute school teacher or any other individual whose work is solely on-call work during the base period, is not considered an unemployed individual within the meaning of lowa Code section 96.19(38)"a" and "b." An individual who is willing to accept only on-call work is not considered to be available for work.

lowa Code section 96.7(2)a(2) provides:

2. Contribution rates based on benefit experience.

a. (2) The amount of regular benefits plus fifty percent of the amount of extended benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged against the account of the

employers in the base period in the inverse chronological order in which the employment of the individual occurred.

(a) However, if the individual to whom the benefits are paid is in the employ of a base period employer at the time the individual is receiving the benefits, and the individual is receiving the same employment from the employer that the individual received during the individual's base period, benefits paid to the individual shall not be charged against the account of the employer. This provision applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding subparagraph (3) and section 96.8, subsection 5.

(b) An employer's account shall not be charged with benefits paid to an individual who left the work of the employer voluntarily without good cause attributable to the employer or to an individual who was discharged for misconduct in connection with the individual's employment, or to an individual who failed without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work or to accept suitable work with that employer, but shall be charged to the unemployment compensation fund. This paragraph applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5.

(c) The amount of benefits paid to an individual, which is solely due to wage credits considered to be in an individual's base period due to the exclusion and substitution of calendar quarters from the individual's base period under section 96.23, shall be charged against the account of the employer responsible for paying the workers' compensation benefits for temporary total disability or during a healing period under section 85.33, section 85.34, subsection 1, or section 85A.17, or responsible for paying indemnity insurance benefits.

The first issue to determine is whether the claimant was able and available for the week she filed weekly claims. The claimant only filed for the week ending January 4, 2021. At the time, the claimant was an on-call substitute teacher. When an individual is hired to work on-call, the implied agreement is that they will only work when work is available and that work will not be regularly available. Thus any diminution in hours is directly related to the on-call status when work is not available as no regular hours were guaranteed. Since the claimant was not able and available for work for the week she filed her weekly claim, the remaining issues are moot. Benefits are denied.

DECISION:

The February 11, 2021 (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision is reversed. The claimant was not able and available to work on January 4, 2021. Benefits are denied.

Sean M. Nelson Administrative Law Judge

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April 30, 2021 Decision Dated and Mailed

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