# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

**JEDADIA A HARPER** 

Claimant

**APPEAL 16A-UI-10118-JCT** 

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

**WELLMAN DYNAMICS CORPORATION** 

Employer

OC: 08/14/16

Claimant: Appellant (2)

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Ability to and Availability for Work Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22(2) – Able & Available - Benefits Eligibility Conditions

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed an appeal from the September 15, 2016, (reference 04) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits based upon the claimant not being able to and available for work. The parties were properly notified about the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on September 30, 2016. The claimant participated personally and through Dustin M. Mueller, attorney at law. The employer participated through Christina Johnson, human resources. Claimant exhibit A was received into evidence. Based on the evidence, the arguments presented, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

# ISSUE:

Is the claimant able to work and available for work effective August 14, 2016?

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant was last employed full-time as a core maker for Wellman Dynamics. He has been seeking work consistent with his training and experience in manufacturing, food service and retail industry.

The claimant is not currently under medical care, and his only restriction to employability is that he cannot work more than 40 hours per week, for example, in a position that requires over-time.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes that the claimant is able to work and available for work.

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22(2) provides:

Benefits eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

(2) Available for work. The availability requirement is satisfied when an individual is willing, able, and ready to accept suitable work which the individual does not have good cause to refuse, that is, the individual is genuinely attached to the labor market. Since, under unemployment insurance laws, it is the availability of an individual that is required to be tested, the labor market must be described in terms of the individual. A labor market for an individual means a market for the type of service which the individual offers in the geographical area in which the individual offers the service. Market in that sense does not mean that job vacancies must exist; the purpose of unemployment insurance is to compensate for lack of job vacancies. It means only that the type of services which an individual is offering is generally performed in the geographical area in which the individual is offering the services.

To be able to work, "[a]n individual must be physically and mentally able to work in some gainful employment, not necessarily in the individual's customary occupation, but which is engaged in by others as a means of livelihood." *Sierra v. Employment Appeal Board*, 508 N.W.2d 719, 721 (lowa 1993); *Geiken v. Lutheran Home for the Aged*, 468 N.W.2d 223 (lowa 1991); lowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22(1). "An evaluation of an individual's ability to work for the purposes of determining that individual's eligibility for unemployment benefits must necessarily take into consideration the economic and legal forces at work in the general labor market in which the individual resides." *Sierra* at 723.

Based on the evidence presented, the claimant is able to perform work full-time, and has no medical restriction or other limitation on employability effective August 14, 2016. Accordingly, benefits are allowed.

#### **DECISION:**

The September 15, 2016, reference 04, decision is reversed. The claimant is able to work and available for work effective August 14, 2016. Benefits are allowed.

Jennifer L. Beckman Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

jlb/rvs