

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

BRUCE R HEIL
Claimant

APPEAL NO. 10A-UI-08993-S2T

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

**L A LEASING INC
SEDONA STAFFING**
Employer

OC: 05/09/10
Claimant: Appellant (1/R)

Section 96.5-1-j – Separation from Temporary Employer

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Bruce Heil (claimant) appealed a representative's June 16, 2010 decision (reference 01) that concluded he was not eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits due to his separation from work with Sedona Staffing (employer). After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was held on August 10, 2010. The claimant participated personally. The employer participated by Chad Baker, Workers' Compensation Administrator, and Carrie Cannon, Team Lead.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant was separated from employment for any disqualifying reason.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The employer is a temporary employment service. The claimant performed services from July 23 through September 18, 2009. He signed a document on July 16, 2009, indicating that he was to contact the employer within three days following the completion of an assignment to request placement in a new assignment. The claimant was given a copy of the document which was not part of the contract for hire. The claimant completed his last assignment on September 18, 2009, but did not seek reassignment from the employer. On September 21, 2009, the claimant asked the employer about a specific job for which he applied that would be hiring in the future but did not ask for immediate employment. On September 22, 2009, the employer offered the claimant work but the claimant declined for lack of transportation.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow the administrative law judge concludes the claimant was separated from the employer for a disqualifying reason.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1-j provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department, but the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:

j. The individual is a temporary employee of a temporary employment firm who notifies the temporary employment firm of completion of an employment assignment and who seeks reassignment. Failure of the individual to notify the temporary employment firm of completion of an employment assignment within three working days of the completion of each employment assignment under a contract of hire shall be deemed a voluntary quit unless the individual was not advised in writing of the duty to notify the temporary employment firm upon completion of an employment assignment or the individual had good cause for not contacting the temporary employment firm within three working days and notified the firm at the first reasonable opportunity thereafter.

To show that the employee was advised in writing of the notification requirement of this paragraph, the temporary employment firm shall advise the temporary employee by requiring the temporary employee, at the time of employment with the temporary employment firm, to read and sign a document that provides a clear and concise explanation of the notification requirement and the consequences of a failure to notify. The document shall be separate from any contract of employment and a copy of the signed document shall be provided to the temporary employee.

For the purposes of this paragraph:

(1) "Temporary employee" means an individual who is employed by a temporary employment firm to provide services to clients to supplement their work force during absences, seasonal workloads, temporary skill or labor market shortages, and for special assignments and projects.

(2) "Temporary employment firm" means a person engaged in the business of employing temporary employees.

The claimant did not request reassignment within three working days and has, therefore, failed to satisfy the requirements of Iowa Code section 96.5-1-j. Benefits are denied.

Due to the claimant's refusal of work because of a problem with transportation, the issue of the claimant's availability for work is remanded for determination.

DECISION:

The representative's June 16, 2010 decision (reference 01) is affirmed. The claimant was separated from the employer for no good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are withheld until the claimant has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible. The issue of the claimant's availability for work is remanded for determination.

Beth A. Scheetz
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

bas/css