# IOWA DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS & APPEALS DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS. UI APPEALS BUREAU

**THOMAS STONE** 

Claimant

**APPEAL NO. 23A-UI-03744-JT-T** 

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

IOWA WORKFORCE
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

OC: 02/23/20

Claimant: Appellant (2)

Iowa Code § 8A.504 – Set-off Procedures Iowa Code § 96.11(16) – Off-set Administrative Fee Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-25.16 - Income Tax Offset

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

On April 6, 2023, Thomas Stone (claimant) filed a timely appeal from the March 30, 2023 (reference 05) decision that held a prior overpayment of unemployment insurance benefits and administrative fee would be withheld from the claimant's lowa income tax refund. A hearing was set for April 25, 2023. The claimant and an lowa Workforce Development representative were duly notified of the hearing. Neither the claimant nor IWD participated. Neither the claimant nor IWD complied with the hearing notice instructions to call the designated toll-free number at the time of the hearing. IWD Collections submitted 32 pages of IWD records for the hearing, almost all of which were immaterial and/or irrelevant to the tax offset issue set for hearing. The administrative law judge enters the following decision based on the relevant IWD administrative records.

## ISSUE:

Whether Iowa Workforce Development has authority to withhold the claimant's Iowa income tax refund to off-set or recover a prior overpayment of unemployment insurance benefits plus a \$7.00 administrative transfer fee.

## **FINDINGS OF FACT:**

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: According to Iowa Workforce Development records, the claimant does not have an outstanding overpayment of unemployment insurance benefits. On May 11, 2022, Iowa Workforce Development entered reference 03 and reference 04 overpayment decisions. Neither overpayment decision is available for the administrative law judge's review. One can surmise the substance of the overpayment decisions by reviewing the April 19, 2023 (reference 06) overpayment waiver decision. The reference 06 decision waived a \$280.00 overpayment of Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC) and \$600.00 in Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) benefits. The reference 06 decision indicated there was no outstanding overpayment of Lost Wage Assistance Payments (LWAP), Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA), or regular state benefits.

Given that the tax-offset notification process was triggered, a reasonable person would conclude the claimant field a 2022 lowa income tax return. Whether the claimant anticipated a tax refund, and whether the amount of that anticipated refund was at least \$50.00, is unknown for purposes of this decision.

On March 30, 2023, Iowa Workforce Development mailed the reference 05 decision to the claimant to give notice that a prior overpayment of unemployment insurance benefits and administrative fee would be withheld from the claimant's lowa income tax refund.

The March 30, 2023 (reference 05) decision included an April 9, 2023 appeal deadline. The claimant's mailed appeal bears an April 6, 2023 United States Postal Service postage meter mark and an April 7, 2023 postmark.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

There is no timeliness issue pertaining to the claimant's appeal. The mailed appeal was clearly a timely appeal, as indicated by the April 6, 2023 postage meter mark and the April 7, 2023 postmark. See lowa Code section 96.6(2) (regarding deadline for appeal).

lowa Code section 8A.504 provides a procedure for state agencies "to set off against any claim owed to a person by a state agency any liability of that person owed to a state agency." lowa Code section 96.11(16) directs lowa Workforce Development to assess "an additional amount for the reimbursement of setoff costs incurred by the department of administrative services."

Iowa Administrative Code rule 871-25.16 provides:

State payment offset. An individual who is owed a payment from the state of at least \$50 and owes an overpayment of benefits of at least \$50 is subject to an offset against the individual's payment from the state to recover all or a part of the individual's overpayment of benefits and to reimburse the department of revenue for administrative costs to execute the offset. All overpayments, whether fraud or nonfraud, are included in this process.

- (1) The individual's name and social security number are given to the department of revenue.
- (2) The department of revenue notifies the department that an overpaid individual is owed a payment from the state. The department then notifies the overpaid individual of the potential offset against the individual's payment from the state.
- (3) In the case of a joint or combined income tax filing, the individual has ten days from the postmark date on the decision to request a split of the refund to ensure the other party's portion of the refund is not offset. When a request is made, the department notifies the department of revenue to make the split. The department then notifies the overpaid individual of the amount of the offset. If the request for split of the refund is not made timely, the entire income tax refund becomes subject to offset.
- (4) Any appeal by the individual is limited to the validity of the department's authority to recoup the overpayment through offset.

(5) In the event that the amount of the offset exceeds the remaining overpayment, the department shall issue to the individual a special check equal to the amount of the excess.

This rule is intended to implement lowa Code section 96.11 and 421.17(26,29).

Because IWD records reflect there is no outstanding benefit overpayment, there is no basis for an income tax refund offset to recover benefits. Iowa Workforce Development does not have authority to withhold the claimant's Iowa income tax refund.

#### **DECISION:**

The March 30, 2023 (reference 05) decision is REVERSED. Because there is no outstanding benefit overpayment, lowa Workforce Development does not have authority to withhold the claimant's lowa income tax refund to recover an overpayment of benefits.

James E. Timberland

Administrative Law Judge

James & Timberland

April 27, 2023

**Decision Dated and Mailed** 

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APPEAL RIGHTS. If you disagree with the decision, you or any interested party may:

1. Appeal to the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days of the date under the judge's signature by submitting a written appeal via mail, fax, or online to:

Employment Appeal Board 4th Floor – Lucas Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Fax: (515)281-7191 Online: eab.iowa.gov

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

#### AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD SHALL STATE CLEARLY:

- 1) The name, address, and social security number of the claimant.
- 2) A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
- 3) That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- 4) The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

An Employment Appeal Board decision is final agency action. If a party disagrees with the Employment Appeal Board decision, they may then file a petition for judicial review in district court.

2. If no one files an appeal of the judge's decision with the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days, the decision becomes final agency action, and you have the option to file a petition for judicial review in District Court within thirty (30) days after the decision becomes final. Additional information on how to file a petition can be found at lowa Code §17A.19, which is online at https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf.

**Note to Parties:** YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in the appeal or obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds.

**Note to Claimant:** It is important that you file your weekly claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

## **SERVICE INFORMATION:**

A true and correct copy of this decision was mailed to each of the parties listed.

DERECHOS DE APELACIÓN. Si no está de acuerdo con la decisión, usted o cualquier parte interesada puede:

1. Apelar a la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo dentro de los quince (15) días de la fecha bajo la firma del juez presentando una apelación por escrito por correo, fax o en línea a:

Employment Appeal Board 4th Floor – Lucas Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Fax: (515)281-7191 En línea: eab.iowa.gov

El período de apelación se extenderá hasta el siguiente día hábil si el último día para apelar cae en fin de semana o día feriado legal.

#### UNA APELACIÓN A LA JUNTA DEBE ESTABLECER CLARAMENTE:

- 1) El nombre, dirección y número de seguro social del reclamante.
- 2) Una referencia a la decisión de la que se toma la apelación.
- 3) Que se interponga recurso de apelación contra tal decisión y se firme dicho recurso.
- 4) Los fundamentos en que se funda dicho recurso.

Una decisión de la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo es una acción final de la agencia. Si una de las partes no está de acuerdo con la decisión de la Junta de Apelación de Empleo, puede presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el tribunal de distrito.

2. Si nadie presenta una apelación de la decisión del juez ante la Junta de Apelaciones Laborales dentro de los quince (15) días, la decisión se convierte en acción final de la agencia y usted tiene la opción de presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el Tribunal de Distrito dentro de los treinta (30) días después de que la decisión adquiera firmeza. Puede encontrar información adicional sobre cómo presentar una petición en el Código de Iowa §17A.19, que está en línea en https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf.

**Nota para las partes:** USTED PUEDE REPRESENTARSE en la apelación u obtener un abogado u otra parte interesada para que lo haga, siempre que no haya gastos para Workforce Development. Si desea ser representado por un abogado, puede obtener los servicios de un abogado privado o uno cuyos servicios se paguen con fondos públicos.

**Nota para el reclamante:** es importante que presente su reclamo semanal según las instrucciones, mientras esta apelación está pendiente, para proteger su derecho continuo a los beneficios.

# SERVICIO DE INFORMACIÓN:

Se envió por correo una copia fiel y correcta de esta decisión a cada una de las partes enumeradas.