IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

STACY L VANNOY

Claimant

APPEAL NO: 18A-UI-06929-JE-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

DECISION

INSIGHT PARTNERSHIP GROUP LLC

Employer

OC: 05/13/18

Claimant: Respondent (4)

Section 96.6-2 - Timeliness of Protest Section 96.5 – Regualification for Benefits

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The employer/appellant filed a timely appeal from the June 18, 2018, reference 05, decision that concluded it failed to file a timely protest regarding the claimant's separation of employment on October 26, 2017, and no disqualification of unemployment insurance benefits was imposed. The claimant did not respond to the hearing notice and did not participate in the hearing or request a postponement of the hearing, as required by the hearing notice. Amanda Cosgrove, Human Resources Coordinator, participated in the hearing on behalf of the employer. After due notice was issued, a hearing was scheduled on July 13, 2018, before Administrative Law Judge Julie Elder. Department's Exhibit D-1 was admitted to the record.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the employer's protest is timely and whether the claimant has requalified for benefits.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant's notice of claim was mailed to the employer's address of record on May 18, 2018. The employer did file a protest on May 21, 2018 (Department's Exhibit D-1). The claimant has requalified for benefits since his separation from this employer.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

Iowa Code § 96.6-2 provides in pertinent part:

2. Initial determination. A representative designated by the director shall promptly notify all interested parties to the claim of its filing, and the parties have ten days from the date of mailing the notice of the filing of the claim by ordinary mail to the last known address to protest payment of benefits to the claimant.

The administrative law judge concludes that the employer filed its protest within the time period prescribed by the lowa Employment Security Law because it did reply to the notice of claim when it received it. This is sufficient evidence of intent to protest any potential charges to its account. The administrative law judge further concludes that the claimant has requalified for benefits since the separation from this employer. Accordingly, benefits are allowed and the account of this employer shall not be charged.

DECISION:

je/scn

The June 18, 2018, reference 05, decision is modified in favor of the appellant. The employer has filed a timely protest, and the claimant has requalified for benefits since the separation. Benefits are allowed, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible. The account of this employer shall not be charged.

Julie Elder
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed