

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**RACHEL L MCELROY**  
Claimant

**APPEAL NO. 07A-UI-04670-MT**

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE  
DECISION**

**FAMILY TABLE**  
Employer

**OC: 04/01/07 R: 01  
Claimant: Appellant (4)**

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

**STATEMENT OF THE CASE:**

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated April 30, 2007, reference 02, which held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a telephone conference hearing was scheduled for and held on May 23, 2007. Claimant participated. Employer participated by Kevin King, Owner.

**ISSUE:**

The issue in this matter is whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer.

**FINDINGS OF FACT:**

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and having considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on March 19, 2007. Claimant took another job that paid better than the part-time job. Claimant had a number of significant conflicting days with the other, better part-time job. Claimant had 8 conflicting days in March and 13 conflicting days in April.

**REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has failed to establish that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because of a better job. This is not cause attributable to employer for a quit. The conflicting days were so numerous that it makes this a voluntary quit on claimant's behalf. However, claimant is qualified, as she took a better job for which she worked and received wages. Benefits allowed. Employer's account shall not be charged.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1-a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department. But the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:

a. The individual left employment in good faith for the sole purpose of accepting other or better employment, which the individual did accept, and the individual performed services in the new employment. Benefits relating to wage credits earned with the employer that the individual has left shall be charged to the unemployment compensation fund. This paragraph applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5.

871 IAC 24.28(5) provides:

Voluntary quit requalifications and previously adjudicated voluntary quit issues.

(5) The claimant shall be eligible for benefits even though the claimant voluntarily quit if the claimant left for the sole purpose of accepting an offer of other or better employment, which the claimant did accept, and from which the claimant is separated, before or after having started the new employment.

**DECISION:**

The decision of the representative dated April 30, 2007, reference 02, is modified. Unemployment insurance benefits are allowed, provided claimant is otherwise eligible. Credits from this employer shall be charged to the unemployment compensation fund.

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Marlon Mormann  
Administrative Law Judge

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Decision Dated and Mailed

mdm/kjw