

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

CHRISTOPHER SCHROEDER
Claimant

APPEAL NO: 09A-UI-18937-ET

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

LWBJ LLP
Employer

OC: 05-03-09
Claimant: Appellant (4)

Section 96.5-7 – Vacation Pay

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the December 8, 2009, reference 01, decision that determined he was not eligible for benefits due to vacation pay for the two weeks ending May 16, 2009. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held by telephone conference call before Administrative Law Judge Julie Elder on January 27, 2010. The claimant participated in the hearing. Dennis Peterson Senior Human Resources Specialist, participated in the hearing on behalf of the employer.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant's vacation pay was correctly deducted.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant was separated from his employment at LWBJ LLP May 4, 2009. The employer reported vacation pay on the notice of claim form in the amount of \$1,990.52 for the three weeks ending May 18, 2009. During the hearing the employer's accountant corrected that amount and testified he was actually paid \$1,838.30, a difference of \$152.22.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the amount of vacation pay was not correct.

Iowa Code section 96.5-7 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits: ...

7. Vacation pay.

a. When an employer makes a payment or becomes obligated to make a payment to an individual for vacation pay, or for vacation pay allowance, or as pay in lieu of vacation,

such payment or amount shall be deemed "wages" as defined in section 96.19, subsection 41, and shall be applied as provided in paragraph "c" hereof.

b. When, in connection with a separation or layoff of an individual, the individual's employer makes a payment or payments to the individual, or becomes obligated to make a payment to the individual as, or in the nature of, vacation pay, or vacation pay allowance, or as pay in lieu of vacation, and within ten calendar days after notification of the filing of the individual's claim, designates by notice in writing to the department the period to which the payment shall be allocated; provided, that if such designated period is extended by the employer, the individual may again similarly designate an extended period, by giving notice in writing to the department not later than the beginning of the extension of the period, with the same effect as if the period of extension were included in the original designation. The amount of a payment or obligation to make payment, is deemed "wages" as defined in section 96.19, subsection 41, and shall be applied as provided in paragraph "c" of this subsection 7.

c. Of the wages described in paragraph "a" (whether or not the employer has designated the period therein described), or of the wages described in paragraph "b", if the period therein described has been designated by the employer as therein provided, a sum equal to the wages of such individual for a normal workday shall be attributed to, or deemed to be payable to the individual with respect to, the first and each subsequent workday in such period until such amount so paid or owing is exhausted. Any individual receiving or entitled to receive wages as provided herein shall be ineligible for benefits for any week in which the sums, so designated or attributed to such normal workdays, equal or exceed the individual's weekly benefit amount. If the amount so designated or attributed as wages is less than the weekly benefit amount of such individual, the individual's benefits shall be reduced by such amount.

d. Notwithstanding contrary provisions in paragraphs "a", "b", and "c", if an individual is separated from employment and is scheduled to receive vacation payments during the period of unemployment attributable to the employer and if the employer does not designate the vacation period pursuant to paragraph "b", then payments made by the employer to the individual or an obligation to make a payment by the employer to the individual for vacation pay, vacation pay allowance or pay in lieu of vacation shall not be deemed wages as defined in section 96.19, subsection 41, for any period in excess of one week and such payments or the value of such obligations shall not be deducted for any period in excess of one week from the unemployment benefits the individual is otherwise entitled to receive under this chapter. However, if the employer designates more than one week as the vacation period pursuant to paragraph "b", the vacation pay, vacation pay allowance, or pay in lieu of vacation shall be considered wages and shall be deducted from benefits.

e. If an employer pays or is obligated to pay a bonus to an individual at the same time the employer pays or is obligated to pay vacation pay, a vacation pay allowance, or pay in lieu of vacation, the bonus shall not be deemed wages for purposes of determining benefit eligibility and amount, and the bonus shall not be deducted from unemployment benefits the individual is otherwise entitled to receive under this chapter.

871 IAC 24.16(3) provides:

(3) If the employer fails to properly notify the department within ten days after the notification of the filing of the claim that an amount of vacation pay, either paid or owed,

is to be applied to a specific vacation period, the entire amount of the vacation pay shall be applied to the one-week period starting on the first workday following the last day worked as defined in subrule 24.16(4). However, if the individual does not claim benefits after layoff for the normal employer workweek immediately following the last day worked, then the entire amount of the vacation pay shall not be deducted from any week of benefits.

The employer designated the time period to which the vacation pay is to apply as May 4, 2009 to May 18, 2009, and paid the claimant \$1,838.30, rather than \$1,990.52 as first reported on the notice of claim, in vacation pay benefits.

Because the employer did not indicate the correct amount of vacation pay received, the \$999.00 reported by the claimant for the two weeks ending May 16, 2009, will stand as the amount of vacation pay received for those two weeks and will be attributed to the two weeks ending May 16, 2009. The claimant is overpaid benefits in the amount of \$180.00 for May 18, during the week ending May 23, 2009. However, because the employer reported \$1,990.52 instead of the correct amount of \$1,838.30, for a difference of \$152.00, the claimant's overpayment shall be the sum of \$180.00 (the overpayment amount) minus the \$152.00 for an overpayment of \$28.00.

DECISION:

The December 8, 2009, reference 01, decision is modified in favor of the claimant. The vacation pay amount was not correctly deducted. Vacation pay in the amount of \$999.00 reported by the claimant for the two weeks ending May 16, 2009, with a total of \$1,838.30 rather than \$1,990.52, stands as the amount of vacation pay received.

Julie Elder
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

je/css