IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT Unemployment Insurance Appeals Section 1000 East Grand—Des Moines, Iowa 50319 DECISION OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE 68-0157 (7-97) – 3091078 - EI

AMY J JESSEN 505 – 5[™] ST PO BOX 252 ANITA IA 50020

EQUIPMENT BROKERS INC 720 NORTHWESTERN AVE AUDUBON IA 50025 1610

Appeal Number:06A-UI-01359-H2TOC:10-16-05R:OIClaimant:Appellant (1)

This Decision Shall Become Final, unless within fifteen (15) days from the date below, you or any interested party appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by submitting either a signed letter or a signed written Notice of Appeal, directly to the *Employment Appeal Board, 4th Floor—Lucas Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.*

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

STATE CLEARLY

- 1. The name, address and social security number of the claimant.
- 2. A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
- 3. That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- 4. The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in this appeal or you may obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds. It is important that you file your claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

(Administrative Law Judge)

(Decision Dated & Mailed)

Section 96.3-5 - Layoff Due to Business Closing

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the January 27, 2006, reference 01, decision that found the claimant was laid off but not due to a business closing. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held on February 21, 2006. The claimant did participate. The employer did not participate.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant was separated from her employment on October 16, 2005 when she was laid off due to lack of work. The claimant physically worked at the plant on Hillcrest Drive in Adair, Iowa. The employer is still using the building in Adair where the claimant worked as a warehouse and storage unit to supply the plant in Audubon. The employer is still operating manufacturing facilities in Audubon, Iowa.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant was not laid off due to a business closure.

Iowa Code Section 96.3-5 provides:

5. Duration of benefits. The maximum total amount of benefits payable to an eligible individual during a benefit year shall not exceed the total of the wage credits accrued to the individual's account during the individual's base period, or twenty-six times the individual's weekly benefit amount, whichever is the lesser. The director shall maintain a separate account for each individual who earns wages in insured work. The director shall compute wage credits for each individual by crediting the individual's account with one-third of the wages for insured work paid to the individual during the individual's base period. However, the director shall recompute wage credits for an individual who is laid off due to the individual's employer going out of business at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which the individual was last employed, by crediting the individual's account with one-half, instead of one-third, of the wages for insured work paid to the individual during the individual's base period. Benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged against the base period wage credits in the individual's account which have not been previously charged, in the inverse chronological order as the wages on which the wage credits are based were paid. However if the state "off indicator" is in effect and if the individual is laid off due to the individual's employer going out of business at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which the individual was last employed, the maximum benefits payable shall be extended to thirty-nine times the individual's weekly benefit amount, but not to exceed the total of the wage credits accrued to the individual's account.

871 IAC 24.29(2) provides:

(2) Going out of business means any factory, establishment, or other premises of an employer which closes its door and ceases to function as a business; however, an employer is not considered to have gone out of business at the factory, establishment, or other premises in any case in which the employer sells or otherwise transfers the business to another employer, and the successor employer continues to operate the business.

The employer has ceased manufacturing operations at the Adair facility where the claimant last worked. However, the employer continues to use the plant as a warehouse to keep supplies and materials which are used at the Audubon manufacturing plant. The building itself is still being used for business purposes by the employer, therefore it cannot be found that the claimant was laid off due to a business closing. Therefore, the claimant is not entitled to a recalculation of benefits.

DECISION:

The January 27, 2006, reference 01, decision is affirmed. The claimant was not laid off due to a business closure. Recalculation of benefits is denied.

tkh/s