IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

CHRISTINE L CROMWELL
Claimant

APPEAL 19A-UI-07718-JC-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

IOWA WORKFORCE
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

OC: 06/09/19

Claimant: Appellant (1)

lowa Code § 96.4(3) – Ability to and Availability for Work/Work Search Warning

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant/appellant, Christine L. Cromwell, filed an appeal from the September 27, 2019 (reference 02) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits. The claimant was properly notified about the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on October 23, 2019. The claimant participated personally. The administrative law judge took official notice of the administrative records. Based on the evidence, the arguments presented, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

ISSUE:

Did the claimant fail to make an active work search for the week ending September 21, 2019? Was the claimant able and available for work the week ending September 21, 2019?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant established a claim for benefits with an effective date of June 9, 2019. The claimant was aware she was required to make job search contacts each week she files a weekly continued claim to receive unemployment insurance benefits. The claimant did not make her weekly job search contacts for the week ending September 21, 2019. She did not make her work search contacts because she was on a prescheduled family vacation.

The issue of whether the claimant was able to and available for work due to vacation is addressed in the reference 03 initial decision. The claimant resumed her work search contacts upon return and before she filed her next weekly continued claim for benefits.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes that the work search warning was appropriate.

Iowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(28) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(28) A claimant will be ineligible for benefits because of failure to make an adequate work search after having been previously warned and instructed to expand the search for work effort.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22(3) provides in pertinent part:

Benefit eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

- **24.22(3)** Earnestly and actively seeking work. Mere registration at a workforce development center does not establish that the individual is earnestly and actively seeking work. It is essential that the individual personally and diligently search for work. It is difficult to establish definite criteria for defining the words earnestly and actively. Much depends on the estimate of the employment opportunities in the area. The number of employer contacts which might be appropriate in an area of limited opportunity might be totally unacceptable in other areas. When employment opportunities are high an individual may be expected to make more than the usual number of contacts. Unreasonable limitations by an individual as to salary, hours or conditions of work can indicate that the individual is not earnestly seeking work. The department expects each individual claiming benefits to conduct themselves as would any normal, prudent individual who is out of work.
- a. Basic requirements. An individual shall be ineligible for benefits for any period for which the department finds that the individual has failed to make an earnest and active search for work. The circumstances in each case are considered in determining whether an earnest and active search for work has been made. Subject to the foregoing, applicable actions of the following kind are considered an earnest and active search for work if found by the department to constitute a reasonable means of securing work by the individual, under the facts and circumstances of the individual's particular situation:

The claimant is obligated to make at least two work searches during each week benefits are claimed. The claimant failed to do so for the week ending September 21, 2019. Accordingly, the warning was appropriate.

DECISION:

The September 27, 2019 (reference 02) initial decision is affirmed. The work search warning was appropriate as the claimant failed to make an adequate work search for the week ending September 21, 2019.

Jennifer L. Beckman
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Decision Dated and Mailed

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