## IOWA DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS AND APPEALS ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS DIVISION, UI APPEALS BUREAU

SETH E. DUROE Claimant

# APPEAL 23A-UI-05222-CS-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

P J IOWA LC Employer

> OC: 04/23/23 Claimant: Appellant (4)

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Ability to and Availability for Work

# STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

On May 19, 2023, the claimant/appellant filed an appeal from the May 10, 2023, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits based on claimant not be able to work due to injury. Benefits were denied as of April 23, 2023. The parties were properly notified about the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on June 9, 2023. Claimant participated. Employer did not call in to participate. Exhibits A and B were admitted into the record.

## **ISSUES:**

Is the claimant able to and available for work?

# FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant began working for employer on or about September 2022. Claimant last worked as a part-time delivery driver.

On April 26, 2023, claimant had outpatient surgery on his shoulder. On April 28, 2023, claimant's physician issued a return to work note that allowed claimant to return to work but restricted him from using his left arm because it needed to remain in a sling at all times. (Exhibit A). Claimant informed his supervisor. Claimant's supervisor informed him that he could not complete his job duties since he was not able to use his left arm.

On May 19, 2023, claimant's physician issued a new restriction that allowed him to use his left arm but placed him on lifting weight restriction of 1-3 pounds. (Exhibit B). Claimant informed his supervisor but was not allowed to return to work.

On June 9, 2023, claimant's medical restrictions were lifted and he was fully released to return to work without restriction.

### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes that the claimant is able to work and available for work effective June 9, 2023.

Iowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22(1)a provides:

Benefits eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

(1) Able to work. An individual must be physically and mentally able to work in some gainful employment, not necessarily in the individual's customary occupation, but which is engaged in by others as a means of livelihood.

a. Illness, injury or pregnancy. Each case is decided upon an individual basis, recognizing that various work opportunities present different physical requirements. A statement from a medical practitioner is considered prima facie evidence of the physical ability of the individual to perform the work required. A pregnant individual must meet the same criteria for determining ableness as do all other individuals.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(34) and (35) provide:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(34) Where the claimant is not able to work due to personal injury.

(35) Where the claimant is not able to work and is under the care of a medical practitioner and has not been released as being able to work.

An individual claiming benefits has the burden of proving that she is available for work. Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22. Claimant's medical condition was not work related to this employer. Claimant is still employed with the employer. Claimant's ability and availability to perform work is

measured by his position with this particular employer. Claimant was released to return to work but was restricted from using his left arm from April 26, 2023, through May 18, 2023. The employer was not able to accommodate claimant's restriction because claimant's duties as a delivery driver required the ability to use both arms. Claimant then submitted an updated restriction to the employer on May 19, 2023, that restricted his lifting weight restriction to 1-3 pounds. Again the employer did not accommodate claimant's request. While claimant may be able to perform light work duties, the employer is not obligated to accommodate a non-work related medical condition. Claimant was fully released to perform his duties on June 9, 2023. As a result, claimant is not able and available for benefits from April 23, 2023, through June 8, 2023. Claimant is able and available for work effective June 9, 2023.

# DECISION:

The May 10, 2023, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision is MODIFIED in favor of appellant. The claimant is not able to work and available for work from April 23, 2023, through June 8, 2023. The claimant is able to work and available for work effective June 9, 2023. Benefits are allowed effective June 9, 2023, provided he is otherwise eligible.

Carly Smith

Carly Smith Administrative Law Judge Unemployment Insurance Appeals Bureau

June 13, 2023 Decision Dated and Mailed

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APPEAL RIGHTS. If you disagree with the decision, you or any interested party may:

1. Appeal to the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days of the date under the judge's signature by submitting a written appeal via mail, fax, or online to:

### Employment Appeal Board 4<sup>th</sup> Floor – Lucas Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Fax: (515)281-7191 Online: eab.iowa.gov

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

### AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD SHALL STATE CLEARLY:

- 1) The name, address, and social security number of the claimant.
- 2) A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
- 3) That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- 4) The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

An Employment Appeal Board decision is final agency action. If a party disagrees with the Employment Appeal Board decision, they may then file a petition for judicial review in district court.

2. If no one files an appeal of the judge's decision with the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days, the decision becomes final agency action, and you have the option to file a petition for judicial review in District Court within thirty (30) days after the decision becomes final. Additional information on how to file a petition can be found at Iowa Code §17A.19, which is online at <a href="https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf">https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf</a> or by contacting the District Court Clerk of Court <a href="https://www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/">https://www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/</a>.

**Note to Parties:** YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in the appeal or obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds.

**Note to Claimant:** It is important that you file your weekly claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

### SERVICE INFORMATION:

A true and correct copy of this decision was mailed to each of the parties listed.

DERECHOS DE APELACIÓN. Si no está de acuerdo con la decisión, usted o cualquier parte interesada puede:

1. Apelar a la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo dentro de los quince (15) días de la fecha bajo la firma del juez presentando una apelación por escrito por correo, fax o en línea a:

### Employment Appeal Board 4th Floor – Lucas Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Fax: (515)281-7191 En línea: eab.iowa.gov

El período de apelación se extenderá hasta el siguiente día hábil si el último día para apelar cae en fin de semana o día feriado legal.

UNA APELACIÓN A LA JUNTA DEBE ESTABLECER CLARAMENTE:

1) El nombre, dirección y número de seguro social del reclamante.

2) Una referencia a la decisión de la que se toma la apelación.

3) Que se interponga recurso de apelación contra tal decisión y se firme dicho recurso.

4) Los fundamentos en que se funda dicho recurso.

Una decisión de la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo es una acción final de la agencia. Si una de las partes no está de acuerdo con la decisión de la Junta de Apelación de Empleo, puede presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el tribunal de distrito.

2. Si nadie presenta una apelación de la decisión del juez ante la Junta de Apelaciones Laborales dentro de los quince (15) días, la decisión se convierte en acción final de la agencia y usted tiene la opción de presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el Tribunal de Distrito dentro de los treinta (30) días después de que la decisión adquiera firmeza. Puede encontrar información adicional sobre cómo presentar una petición en el Código de Iowa §17A.19, que se encuentra en línea en https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf o comunicándose con el Tribunal de Distrito Secretario del tribunal https:///www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/.

**Nota para las partes:** USTED PUEDE REPRESENTARSE en la apelación u obtener un abogado u otra parte interesada para que lo haga, siempre que no haya gastos para Workforce Development. Si desea ser representado por un abogado, puede obtener los servicios de un abogado privado o uno cuyos servicios se paguen con fondos públicos.

**Nota para el reclamante:** es importante que presente su reclamo semanal según las instrucciones, mientras esta apelación está pendiente, para proteger su derecho continuo a los beneficios.

#### SERVICIO DE INFORMACIÓN:

Se envió por correo una copia fiel y correcta de esta decisión a cada una de las partes enumeradas.