IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

 68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - El

 RAFAEL OCHOA

 Claimant

 APPEAL NO: 07A-UI-01079-ET

 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

 DECISION

 EMPLOYMENT CONNECTIONS INC

 Employer

 OC: 11-12-06

Claimant: Appellant (2)

Section 96.5(3)a – Work Refusal

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the January 17, 2007, reference 02, decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held by telephone conference call before Administrative Law Judge Julie Elder on February 14, 2007. The claimant participated in the hearing with Interpreter Ike Rocha. Deb Hodges, Human Resources Manager, participated in the hearing on behalf of the employer.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant refused a suitable offer of work.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The claimant worked for the employer as a full-time, first shift production worker at the Farmland project in Carroll earning \$10.20 per hour from October 20, 2006 to November 8, 2006, when he was laid off. The employer made an offer of work to the claimant on December 12, 2006. That offer included the following terms: Full-time, first shift production work at the Farmland project in Carroll earning \$10.20 per hour. The claimant's average weekly wage is \$606.72. The offer was made in the fifth week of unemployment. The claimant declined that offer because the employer could not tell him that he would not be laid off again and he preferred to work somewhere closer to his home.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant did not refuse a suitable offer of work.

Iowa Code section 96.5-3-a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

3. Failure to accept work. If the department finds that an individual has failed, without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work when directed by the department or to accept suitable work when offered that individual. The department shall, if possible, furnish the individual with the names of employers which are seeking employees. The individual shall apply to and obtain the signatures of the employers designated by the department on forms provided by the department. However, the employers may refuse to sign the forms. The individual's failure to obtain the signatures of designated employers, which have not refused to sign the forms, shall disqualify the individual for benefits until requalified. To requalify for benefits after disqualification under this subsection, the individual shall work in and be paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the individual's weekly benefit amount, provided the individual is otherwise eligible.

a. In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the department shall consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's physical fitness, prior training, length of unemployment, and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary occupation, the distance of the available work from the individual's residence, and any other factor which the department finds bears a reasonable relation to the purposes of this paragraph. Work is suitable if the work meets all the other criteria of this paragraph and if the gross weekly wages for the work equal or exceed the following percentages of the individual's average weekly wage for insured work paid to the individual during that quarter of the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest:

(1) One hundred percent, if the work is offered during the first five weeks of unemployment.

(2) Seventy-five percent, if the work is offered during the sixth through the twelfth week of unemployment.

(3) Seventy percent, if the work is offered during the thirteenth through the eighteenth week of unemployment.

(4) Sixty-five percent, if the work is offered after the eighteenth week of unemployment.

However, the provisions of this paragraph shall not require an individual to accept employment below the federal minimum wage.

The employer offered the claimant the same position he worked from October 20, 2006 to November 8, 2006. The offer was not suitable, however, as it did not meet the wage requirements of at least \$606.72 per week during the first five weeks of his unemployment. The \$606.72 figure comes from the individual's average weekly wage for insured work paid to the individual during that quarter of the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest. Consequently, the administrative law judge must conclude that the claimant did have a good-cause reason for the refusal. Therefore, benefits are allowed.

DECISION:

The January 17, 2007, reference 02, decision is reversed. The claimant did not refuse a suitable offer of work. Benefits are allowed, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible.

Julie Elder Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

je/pjs