IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

	APPEAL 21A-UI-07037-DG-T
	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION
SEANNA B ROBINSON 609 N 3 RD AVE LOGAN IA 51546 1163	
	APPEAL RIGHTS:
MISSOURI VALLEY COMM SCHOOL DIST ATTN TERESA GRIFFITH	This Decision Shall Become Final, unless within fifteen (15) days from the mailing date below the administrative law judge's signature on the last page of the decision, you or any interested party appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by submitting either a signed letter or a signed written Notice of Appeal, directly to:
109 E MICHIGAN ST MISSOURI VALLEY IA 51555	Employment Appeal Board 4 th Floor – Lucas Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319
	or Fax (515) 281-7191
	The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.
	AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD SHALL STATE CLEARLY:
	The name, address and social security number of the claimant. A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken. That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed. The grounds upon which such appeal is based.
	YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in this appeal or you may obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds. It is important that you file your claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.
	SERVICE INFORMATION:
	A true and correct copy of this decision was mailed to each of the parties listed.

ONLINE RESOURCES:

UI law and administrative rules:

https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/unemployment-insurance-law-and-administrative-rules UI Benefits Handbook:

https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/unemployment-insurance-claimant-handbook Employer UI Handbook: <u>https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/employer-handbook</u> Report UI fraud: <u>https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/report-fraud</u> Employer account access and information: <u>https://www.myiowaui.org/UITIPTaxWeb/</u> National Career Readiness Certificate and Skilled Iowa Initiative: http://skillediowa.org/

IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

SEANNA B ROBINSON Claimant MISSOURI VALLEY COMM SCHOOL DIST Employer CC: 03/22/20 Claimant: Appellant (2)

Iowa Code § 96.4(5) – Reasonable Assurance Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Ability to and Availability for Work Iowa Code § 96.5(1) – Voluntary Quitting Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.26(19) – Voluntary Quitting – Spot Jobs/Casual Labor Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.26(22) – Voluntary Quitting – Specific Period of Time

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated March 1, 2021, (reference 03) that held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on May 18, 2021. Claimant participated personally along with her witness Kimberly Skinner. Employer failed to respond to the hearing notice and did not participate. Claimant's Exhibits A-C were admitted into evidence. The administrative law judge took official notice of the administrative record.

ISSUES:

Does the claimant have reasonable assurance of continued employment in the next school term or year?

Did the claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on August 14, 2019. Claimant completed the terms of her contract with the employer on that date.

Claimant began working for employer as a daycare associate for the school while she was in high school. The daycare was open to the public year around, and she worked during the summer. Claimant informed employer that she would work there part-time while she was in high school, and then she would leave the employment once she graduated.

The claimant completed her work assignment with this employer on August 14, 2019. Her employment ended on that date as agreed upon by the parties.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant's separation was not the result of a disqualifying reason.

Iowa Code section 96.4(5)a provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

5. Benefits based on service in employment in a nonprofit organization or government entity, defined in section 96.19, subsection 18, are payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the same basis of other service subject to this chapter, except that:

a. Benefits based on service in an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity in an educational institution including service in or provided to or on behalf of an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency, a government entity, or a nonprofit organization shall not be paid to an individual for any week of unemployment which begins during the period between two successive academic years or during a similar period between two regular terms, whether or not successive, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, if the individual has a contract or reasonable assurance that the individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution for both such academic years or both such terms.

Public Law 94-566 provides:

(c) An individual who performs services for an educational institution or agency in a capacity (other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity) shall not be eligible to receive a payment of assistance or a waiting period credit with respect to any week commencing during a period between two successive academic years or terms if:

(1) Such individual performed such services for any educational institution or agency in the first of such academic years or terms; and

(2) There is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform services for any educational institution or agency in any capacity (other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity) in the second of such academic years or terms.

Iowa Code section 96.4(5)*b* provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

5. Benefits based on service in employment in a nonprofit organization or government entity, defined in section 96.19, subsection 18, are payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the same basis of other service subject to this chapter, except that:

b. Benefits based on service in any other capacity for an educational institution including service in or provided to or on behalf of an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency, a government entity, or a nonprofit organization, shall not be paid to an individual for any week

of unemployment which begins during the period between two successive academic years or terms, if the individual performs the services in the first of such academic years or terms and has reasonable assurance that the individual will perform services for the second of such academic years or terms. If benefits are denied to an individual for any week as a result of this paragraph and the individual is not offered an opportunity to perform the services for an educational institution for the second of such academic years or terms, the individual is entitled to retroactive payments of benefits for each week for which the individual filed a timely claim for benefits and for which benefits were denied solely by reason of this paragraph.

Iowa Code section 96.4(5)*c* provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

5. Benefits based on service in employment in a nonprofit organization or government entity, defined in section 96.19, subsection 18, are payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the same basis of other service subject to this chapter, except that:

c. With respect to services for an educational institution in any capacity under paragraph "a" or "b", benefits shall not be paid to an individual for any week of unemployment which begins during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if the individual performs the services in the period immediately before such vacation period or holiday recess, and the individual has reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the services in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess.

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.26(19) provides:

Voluntary quit with good cause attributable to the employer and separations not considered to be voluntary quits. The following are reasons for a claimant leaving employment with good cause attributable to the employer:

(19) The claimant was employed on a temporary basis for assignment to spot jobs or casual labor work and fulfilled the contract of hire when each of the jobs was completed. An election not to report for a new assignment to work shall not be construed as a voluntary leaving of employment. The issue of a refusal of an offer of suitable work shall be adjudicated when an offer of work is made by the former employer. The provisions of Iowa Code section 96.5(3) and rule 24.24(96) are controlling in the determination of suitability of work. However, this subrule shall not apply to substitute school employees who are subject to the provisions of Iowa Code section 96.4(5) which denies benefits that are based on service in an educational institution when the individual declines or refuses to accept a new contract or reasonable assurance of continued employment status. Under this circumstance, the substitute school employee shall be considered to have voluntarily quit employment.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.26(22) provides:

Voluntary quit with good cause attributable to the employer and separations not considered to be voluntary quits. The following are reasons for a claimant leaving employment with good cause attributable to the employer:

(22) The claimant was hired for a specific period of time and completed the contract of hire by working until this specific period of time had lapsed. However, this subrule shall not apply to substitute school employees who are subject to the provisions of Iowa Code section 96.4(5) which denies benefits that are based on service in an educational institution when the individual declines or refuses to accept a new contract or reasonable assurance of continued employment status. Under this circumstance, the substitute school employees shall be considered to have voluntarily quit employment.

Claimant was hired to work for the school for a specified period of time. Inasmuch as the claimant completed the contract or terms of hire with the employer as contemplated, no disgualification is imposed.

DECISION:

The March 1, 2021, (reference 03), unemployment insurance decision is reversed. The claimant's separation from employment was for no disqualifying reason. Benefits are allowed, provided she is otherwise eligible.

and 7. Holden

Duane L. Golden Administrative Law Judge

May 28, 2021 Decision Dated and Mailed

dlg/ol

Note to Claimant: If this decision determines you are not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits and you disagree with this decision, you may file an appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by following the instructions on the first page of this decision. Individuals who do not qualify for regular unemployment insurance benefits, but who are currently unemployed for reasons related to COVID-19 may qualify for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA). You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program. Additional information on how to apply for PUA can be found at https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information. If this decision becomes final, or if you are not eligible for PUA, you may have an overpayment of benefits.