LARA R OLSON
Claimant

## IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

APPEAL 17A-UI-06715-DL-T

## ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

OC: 06/04/17
Claimant: Appellant (2)

Iowa Code § 96.3(7) - Recovery of Benefit Overpayment<br>Iowa Code § 96.4(4) - Monetary Eligibility and Subsequent Benefit Year<br>Iowa Code § 96.3(4) - Determination of Benefits

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the June 7, 2017, monetary record and determination that did not include wages from Stadium Brands International, Inc. After due notice was issued, a telephone conference hearing was scheduled for July 20, 2017. Claimant participated. Claimant's Exhibit A was received.

## ISSUES:

Is the monetary record correct?
Is the claimant monetarily eligible for benefits?

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Wages from Stadium Brands International, Inc. in the 2016, base period quarters have not been recorded in claimant's wage record. Proof of those earnings and earnings from 2017, are included in Claimant's Exhibit A.

## REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant does have sufficient wages in the base period for benefit eligibility.

Iowa Code section 96.4(4)a and c provides:
An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:
4. a. The individual has been paid wages for insured work during the individual's base period in an amount at least one and one-quarter times the wages paid to the individual during that quarter of the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest; provided that the individual has been paid wages for insured work totaling at least three and five-tenths percent of the statewide average annual wage for insured work, computed for the preceding
calendar year if the individual's benefit year begins on or after the first full week in July and computed for the second preceding calendar year if the individual's benefit year begins before the first full week in July, in that calendar quarter in the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest, and the individual has been paid wages for insured work totaling at least one-half of the amount of wages required under this paragraph in the calendar quarter of the base period in which the individual's wages were highest, in a calendar quarter in the individual's base period other than the calendar quarter in which the individual's wages were highest. The calendar quarter wage requirements shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of ten dollars.
c. If the individual has drawn benefits in any benefit year, the individual must during or subsequent to that year, work in and be paid wages for insured work totaling at least two hundred and fifty dollars, as a condition to receive benefits in the next benefit year.

Iowa Code section 96.4(4)a, b and c provides:
An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:
4. a. The individual has been paid wages for insured work during the individual's base period in an amount at least one and one-quarter times the wages paid to the individual during that quarter of the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest; provided that the individual has been paid wages for insured work totaling at least three and five-tenths percent of the statewide average annual wage for insured work, computed for the preceding calendar year if the individual's benefit year begins on or after the first full week in July and computed for the second preceding calendar year if the individual's benefit year begins before the first full week in July, in that calendar quarter in the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest, and the individual has been paid wages for insured work totaling at least one-half of the amount of wages required under this paragraph in the calendar quarter of the base period in which the individual's wages were highest, in a calendar quarter in the individual's base period other than the calendar quarter in which the individual's wages were highest. The calendar quarter wage requirements shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of ten dollars.
$b$. For an individual who does not have sufficient wages in the base period, as defined in section 96.19, to otherwise qualify for benefits pursuant to this subsection, the individual's base period shall be the last four completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of the individual's benefit year if such period qualifies the individual for benefits under this subsection.
(1) Wages that fall within the alternative base period established under this paragraph "b" are not available for qualifying benefits in any subsequent benefit year.
(2) Employers shall be charged in the manner provided in this chapter for benefits paid based upon quarters used in the alternative base period.
c. If the individual has drawn benefits in any benefit year, the individual must during or subsequent to that year, work in and be paid wages for insured work totaling at least two hundred fifty dollars, as a condition to receive benefits in the next benefit year.

Iowa Code section 96.3(4) provides:
4. Determination of benefits. With respect to benefit years beginning on or after July 1, 1983, an eligible individual's weekly benefit amount for a week of total unemployment shall be an amount equal to the following fractions of the individual's total wages in insured work paid during that quarter of the individual's base period in which such total wages were highest; the director shall determine
annually a maximum weekly benefit amount equal to the following percentages, to vary with the number of dependents, of the statewide average weekly wage paid to employees in insured work which shall be effective the first day of the first full week in July:
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\begin{array}{l}\text { If the } \\ \text { number of } \\ \text { dependents } \\ \text { is: }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { The weekly } \\ \text { benefit amount } \\ \text { shall equal } \\ \text { the following fraction } \\ \text { fraction of high } \\ \text { quarter wages: }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Subject to } \\ \text { the following } \\ \text { maximum } \\ \text { percentage of } \\ \text { the statewide }\end{array} \\ \text { average }\end{array}\right\}$

The maximum weekly benefit amount, if not a multiple of one dollar shall be rounded to the lower multiple of one dollar. However, until such time as sixty-five percent of the statewide average weekly wage exceeds one hundred ninety dollars, the maximum weekly benefit amounts shall be determined using the statewide average weekly wage computed on the basis of wages reported for calendar year 1981. As used in this section "dependent" means dependent as defined in section 422.12, subsection 1, paragraph "a", as if the individual claimant was a taxpayer, except that an individual claimant's nonworking spouse shall be deemed to be a dependent under this section. "Nonworking spouse" means a spouse who does not earn more than one hundred twenty dollars in gross wages in one week.

The claimant has presented sufficient and credible evidence to establish insured wages in the quarters outlined above. Those wages shall be included in the monetary record for this base period and the monetary eligibility shall be reevaluated.

## DECISION:

The June 7, 2017, monetary redetermination is reversed. The wages outlined above shall be included in the monetary record and claimant's monetary eligibility shall be reevaluated.

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[^0]:    Dévon M. Lewis
    Administrative Law Judge
    $\overline{\text { Decision Dated and Mailed }}$
    $\mathrm{dml} / \mathrm{rvs}$

