# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**SHALEE JONES** 

Claimant

**APPEAL NO: 07A-UI-06253-BT** 

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

**DECISION** 

**GMRIINC** 

Employer

OC: 05/20/07 R: 02 Claimant: Respondent (2)

Section 96.5-2-a – Discharge for Misconduct Section 96.3-7 – Overpayment

### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

G M R I, Inc. (employer), doing business as Red Lobster, appealed an unemployment insurance decision dated June 8, 2007, reference 01, which held that Shalee Jones (claimant) was eligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was held on July 10, 2007. The claimant participated in the hearing. The employer participated through Pam Dixon, General Manager. Based on the evidence, the arguments of the parties, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

### ISSUE:

The issue is whether the employer discharged the claimant for work-related misconduct.

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant was employed as a full-time server in this restaurant from August 15, 2005 through May 22, 2007 when she was discharged. She had been previously counseled in her evaluations about having a negative attitude at work. Approximately two weeks prior to the separation date, the claimant let the employer know that she was looking for another position. However, she was discharged on May 22, 2007 after announcing in front of co-employees, "I hate this place and this is why I'm looking for another job." The comments were made in the galley area at the edge of the bar and could have been heard by customers. The claimant also said she did not want to help her co-workers. The employer could not allow the claimant to continue serving customers when she made it so obvious that she hated her work place.

The claimant filed a claim for unemployment insurance benefits effective May 20, 2007 and has received benefits after the separation from employment.

#### REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The issue is whether the employer discharged the claimant for work-connected misconduct. A claimant is not qualified to receive unemployment insurance benefits if an employer has discharged the claimant for reasons constituting work-connected misconduct. Iowa Code section 96.5-2-a.

Iowa Code section 96.5-2-a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

- 2. Discharge for misconduct. If the department finds that the individual has been discharged for misconduct in connection with the individual's employment:
- a. The individual shall be disqualified for benefits until the individual has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the individual's weekly benefit amount, provided the individual is otherwise eligible.

871 IAC 24.32(1)a provides:

Discharge for misconduct.

- (1) Definition.
- a. "Misconduct" is defined as a deliberate act or omission by a worker which constitutes a material breach of the duties and obligations arising out of such worker's contract of employment. Misconduct as the term is used in the disqualification provision as being limited to conduct evincing such willful or wanton disregard of an employer's interest as is found in deliberate violation or disregard of standards of behavior which the employer has the right to expect of employees, or in carelessness or negligence of such degree of recurrence as to manifest equal culpability, wrongful intent or evil design, or to show an intentional and substantial disregard of the employer's interests or of the employee's duties and obligations to the employer. On the other hand mere inefficiency, unsatisfactory conduct, failure in good performance as the result of inability or incapacity, inadvertencies or ordinary negligence in isolated instances, or good faith errors in judgment or discretion are not to be deemed misconduct within the meaning of the statute.

The employer has the burden to prove the claimant was discharged for work-connected misconduct as defined by the unemployment insurance law. Cosper v. lowa Department of Job Service, 321 N.W.2d 6 (lowa 1982). The claimant was discharged after publicly venting her hatred of the work place. She had been previously counseled about her negative attitude and the employer was aware she was looking for another job but could no longer take the chance that the claimant would take her hatred out on the employer's customers. The claimant's comments demonstrated a substantial disregard of the standards of behavior the employer had the right to expect of the claimant. Work-connected misconduct as defined by the unemployment insurance law has been established in this case and benefits are denied.

Iowa Code section 96.3-7 provides:

7. Recovery of overpayment of benefits. If an individual receives benefits for which the individual is subsequently determined to be ineligible, even though the individual acts in

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good faith and is not otherwise at fault, the benefits shall be recovered. The department in its discretion may recover the overpayment of benefits either by having a sum equal to the overpayment deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual or by having the individual pay to the department a sum equal to the overpayment.

If the department determines that an overpayment has been made, the charge for the overpayment against the employer's account shall be removed and the account shall be credited with an amount equal to the overpayment from the unemployment compensation trust fund and this credit shall include both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5.

Because the claimant's separation was disqualifying, benefits were paid to which the claimant was not entitled. Those benefits must be recovered in accordance with the provisions of lowa law.

## **DECISION:**

The unemployment insurance decision dated June 8, 2007, reference 01, is reversed. The claimant is not eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits because she was discharged from work for misconduct. Benefits are withheld until she has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times her weekly benefit amount, provided she is otherwise eligible. The claimant is overpaid benefits in the amount of \$2,338.00.

Susan D. Ackerman
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

sda/pjs