IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

MICHAEL K HINES

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 08A-UI-01505-LT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

MYRON GREEN CORPORATION TREAT AMERICA FOOD SERVICE SWANSON FOOD

Employer

OC: 01/13/08 R: 02 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.5(1) - Voluntary Leaving

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the February 7, 2008, reference 01, decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a telephone conference hearing was held on February 27, 2008. Claimant participated. Employer participated through Carrie Svensen.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether claimant quit the employment without good cause attributable to the employer.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having heard the testimony and having reviewed the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant was employed as a full-time route driver from February 26, 2007 until October 8, 2007, when he quit when he left a message that he could no longer work there since he had lost his driver's license. A valid driver's license is a requirement of the job.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant voluntarily left his employment without good cause attributable to the employer.

Iowa Code § 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

871 IAC 24.25(1) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to lowa Code § 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving lowa Code § 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(1) The claimant's lack of transportation to the work site unless the employer had agreed to furnish transportation.

The loss of his driver's license, when one was required in the performance of his job, was not a good cause reason attributable to the employer for leaving the employment. Benefits are denied.

DECISION:

The February 7, 2008, reference 01, decision is affirmed. The claimant voluntarily left his employment without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are withheld until such time as he has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times his weekly benefit amount, provided he is otherwise eligible.

 Dévon M. Lewis	
Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	
dml/kjw	