## IN THE IOWA ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS DIVISION UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

JEREMIAH L BURKE Claimant

## APPEAL 23R-UI-07478-AR-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

> OC: 04/12/20 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.3(7) – Overpayment of Benefits PL 116-136, Sec. 2104– Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Iowa Code § 96.5(8) – Administrative Penalty Iowa Code § 96.16(4) – Offenses and Misrepresentation Iowa Admin. Code r. 871–25.1 – Misrepresentation & Fraud Iowa Code § 17A.12(3) – Default Decision Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-26.14(7) – Dismissal of Appeal on Default

# STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed an appeal from the May 9, 2023, (reference 05) unemployment insurance decision that determined claimant was overpaid Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) benefits in the amount of \$3,900.00 for the 13-week period ending May 22, 2021, and imposed a 15% penalty for misrepresentation. A hearing was held on June 7, 2023, for appeal 23A-UI-05163-SN-T. Claimant, Jeremiah L. Burke, did not participate in the hearing. The agency, Iowa Workforce Development, participated in that hearing through Seth Jones. After Administrative Law Judge Sean Nelson issued a decision, the claimant appealed to the Employment Appeal Board (EAB). On July 24, 2023, the EAB remanded this matter for a new hearing due to the claimant's non-participation in the June 7, 2023, hearing.

After the EAB remanded, due notice was issued, a hearing was scheduled to be held on August 21, 2023, at 9:05 a.m. Appeal numbers 23R-UI-07477-AR-T, 23R-UI-07478-AR-T, and 23R-UI-07479-AR-T were scheduled to be heard together. The claimant did not respond to the hearing notice and call the toll-free number in order to participate in the hearing. Because the EAB did not vacate the original appeal decision for 23A-UI-05163-SN-T, that hearing record, including any exhibits, is adopted and incorporated herein. No additional exhibits were offered.

### **ISSUE:**

Should the original appeal decision be adopted?

# FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Inasmuch as the decision was not vacated as a result of the Employment Appeal Board remand, the administrative law judge's findings of fact in appeal 23A-UI-05163-SN-T is hereby adopted and incorporated herein as the findings of fact for appeal 23R-UI-07478-AR-T.

### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes that inasmuch as the decision was not vacated as a result of the Employment Appeal Board remand, the administrative law judge's reasoning and conclusions of law in appeal 23A-UI-05163-SN-T is hereby adopted and incorporated herein as the reasoning and conclusions of law for appeal 23R-UI-07478-AR-T.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871–26.14(7) provides:

If a party has not responded to a notice of telephone hearing by providing the appeals bureau with the names and telephone numbers of the persons who are participating in the hearing by the scheduled starting time of the hearing or is not available at the telephone number provided, the presiding officer may proceed with the hearing. If the appealing party fails to provide a telephone number or is unavailable for the hearing, the presiding officer may decide the appealing party is in default and dismiss the appeal as provide in Iowa Code section 17A.12(3). The record may be reopened if the absent party makes a request to reopen the hearing under subrule 26.8(3) and shows good cause for reopening the hearing.

Here, the claimant did not call the toll-free number within 15 minutes of the hearing start time in order to participate in the hearing, and therefore the hearing was not held. Although the claimant may have intended to participate in the hearing, forgetfulness or negligence in failing to read or follow the hearing notice instructions does not constitute good cause to reopen the hearing. The claimant did not call in at any point and establish good cause to reopen the hearing record.

As the decision was not vacated as a result of the Employment Appeal Board remand, the administrative law judge's reasoning and conclusions of law in appeal 23A-UI-05163-SN-T is hereby adopted and incorporated herein as the reasoning and conclusions of law for appeal 23R-UI-07478-AR-T. Claimant is overpaid FPUC benefits in the amount of \$3,900.00 for the 13-week period ending May 22, 2021, due to misrepresentation.

### DECISION:

Inasmuch as the decision was not vacated as a result of the Employment Appeal Board remand, the administrative law judge's decision in appeal 23A-UI-05163-SN-T is hereby adopted and incorporated herein as the decision for appeal 23R-UI-07478-AR-T. The May 9, 2023, (reference 05) unemployment insurance decision remains AFFIRMED.

AuDRe

Alexis D. Rowe Administrative Law Judge

08/22/23 Decision Dated and Mailed

AR/jkb

APPEAL RIGHTS. If you disagree with the decision, you or any interested party may:

1. Appeal to the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days of the date under the judge's signature by submitting a written appeal via mail, fax, or online to:

#### Employment Appeal Board 4<sup>th</sup> Floor – Lucas Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Fax: (515)281-7191 Online: eab.iowa.gov

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD SHALL STATE CLEARLY:

1) The name, address, and social security number of the claimant.

2) A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.

3) That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.

4) The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

An Employment Appeal Board decision is final agency action. If a party disagrees with the Employment Appeal Board decision, they may then file a petition for judicial review in district court.

2. If no one files an appeal of the judge's decision with the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days, the decision becomes final agency action, and you have the option to file a petition for judicial review in District Court within thirty (30) days after the decision becomes final. Additional information on how to file a petition can be found at lowa Code §17A.19, which is online at https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf or by contacting the District Court Clerk of Court\_https://www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/.

**Note to Parties:** YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in the appeal or obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds.

**Note to Claimant:** It is important that you file your weekly claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

#### SERVICE INFORMATION:

A true and correct copy of this decision was mailed to each of the parties listed.

DERECHOS DE APELACIÓN. Si no está de acuerdo con la decisión, usted o cualquier parte interesada puede:

1. Apelar a la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo dentro de los quince (15) días de la fecha bajo la firma del juez presentando una apelación por escrito por correo, fax o en línea a:

#### Employment Appeal Board 4th Floor – Lucas Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Fax: (515)281-7191 En línea: eab.iowa.gov

El período de apelación se extenderá hasta el siguiente día hábil si el último día para apelar cae en fin de semana o día feriado legal.

UNA APELACIÓN A LA JUNTA DEBE ESTABLECER CLARAMENTE:

- 1) El nombre, dirección y número de seguro social del reclamante.
- 2) Una referencia a la decisión de la que se toma la apelación.
- 3) Que se interponga recurso de apelación contra tal decisión y se firme dicho recurso.

4) Los fundamentos en que se funda dicho recurso.

Una decisión de la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo es una acción final de la agencia. Si una de las partes no está de acuerdo con la decisión de la Junta de Apelación de Empleo, puede presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el tribunal de distrito.

2. Si nadie presenta una apelación de la decisión del juez ante la Junta de Apelaciones Laborales dentro de los quince (15) días, la decisión se convierte en acción final de la agencia y usted tiene la opción de presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el Tribunal de Distrito dentro de los treinta (30) días después de que la decisión adquiera firmeza. Puede encontrar información adicional sobre cómo presentar una petición en el Código de Iowa §17A.19, que se encuentra en línea en https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf o comunicándose con el Tribunal de Distrito Secretario del tribunal https:///www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/.

**Nota para las partes:** USTED PUEDE REPRESENTARSE en la apelación u obtener un abogado u otra parte interesada para que lo haga, siempre que no haya gastos para Workforce Development. Si desea ser representado por un abogado, puede obtener los servicios de un abogado privado o uno cuyos servicios se paguen con fondos públicos.

**Nota para el reclamante:** es importante que presente su reclamo semanal según las instrucciones, mientras esta apelación está pendiente, para proteger su derecho continuo a los beneficios.

#### SERVICIO DE INFORMACIÓN:

Se envió por correo una copia fiel y correcta de esta decisión a cada una de las partes enumeradas.