### IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

	68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - El
ANGELA J HENDRICKSON Claimant	APPEAL NO. 13A-UI-10607-MT
	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION
WESTAR FOODS INC Employer	
	OC: 08/18/13

Claimant: Respondent (1)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

# STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Employer filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated September 9, 2013, reference 01, which held claimant eligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on October 9, 2013. Claimant participated. Employer participated by Jeff Oswald, UIS Services Hearing Representative with witness Oscar Ramos, General Manager and Dan Kenne, District Manager. Exhibit One was admitted into evidence.

### **ISSUE:**

The issue in this matter is whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer.

### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on July 2, 2013. Claimant worked the day shift. Employer changed claimant to alternating days and nights. Claimant was hired to work days. Claimant told employer that she wanted to only work days at the time of hire. Claimant tried to work nights but had a lot of trouble. Finally claimant quit after employer refused to give her the day shift back.

### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has established that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because of a change in the contract of hire. Claimant came on board as a day shift worker. Employer's change to nights is a significant change in the terms of employment which is a quit for good cause attributable to employer. Benefits allowed.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

871 IAC 24.26(1) provides:

Voluntary quit with good cause attributable to the employer and separations not considered to be voluntary quits. The following are reasons for a claimant leaving employment with good cause attributable to the employer:

(1) A change in the contract of hire. An employer's willful breach of contract of hire shall not be a disqualifiable issue. This would include any change that would jeopardize the worker's safety, health or morals. The change of contract of hire must be substantial in nature and could involve changes in working hours, shifts, remuneration, location of employment, drastic modification in type of work, etc. Minor changes in a worker's routine on the job would not constitute a change of contract of hire.

# **DECISION:**

The decision of the representative dated September 9, 2013, reference 01, is affirmed. Unemployment insurance benefits are allowed, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Marlon Mormann Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

mdm/pjs