

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
Unemployment Insurance Appeals Section
1000 East Grand—Des Moines, Iowa 50319
DECISION OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
68-0157 (7-97) – 3091078 - EI**

**JAMES WAGGONER
720 MYNSTER ST APT B
COUNCIL BLUFFS IA 51503-0657**

**C STORE SOLUTIONS INC
EDDYS 2713
2713 S 24TH ST
COUNCIL BLUFFS IA 51501**

**Appeal Number: 06A-UI-05531-ET
OC: 04-23-06 R: 01
Claimant: Respondent (2)**

This Decision Shall Become Final, unless within fifteen (15) days from the date below, you or any interested party appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by submitting either a signed letter or a signed written Notice of Appeal, directly to the **Employment Appeal Board, 4th Floor—Lucas Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.**

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

STATE CLEARLY

1. The name, address and social security number of the claimant.
2. A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
3. That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
4. The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in this appeal or you may obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds. It is important that you file your claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

(Administrative Law Judge)

(Decision Dated & Mailed)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The employer filed a timely appeal from an unemployment insurance decision dated May 15, 2006, reference 01, that allowed benefits to the claimant. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held by telephone conference call before Administrative Law Judge Julie Elder on June 14, 2006. The claimant did not provide a phone number where he could be reached for the hearing and did not participate in the hearing or request a postponement of the hearing as required by the hearing notice. Scott Belt, Owner, participated in the hearing on behalf of the employer.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant was employed as a full-time clerk for C Store Solutions from January 2, 2004 to April 17, 2006. The employer's policy provides that an employee is considered to have voluntarily quit if he fails to call the employer or report to work. The claimant was a no-call/no-show for the two weeks beginning April 17, 2006, and the employer determined he voluntarily quit his employment.

The claimant has not claimed or received benefits since his separation from this employer.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The issue is whether the reasons for the claimant's separation from employment qualify him to receive unemployment insurance benefits. The claimant is not qualified to receive unemployment insurance benefits if he voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer. Iowa Code section 95.5-1. The claimant has the burden of proving that the voluntary quit was for a good reason that would not disqualify him. Iowa Code section 96.6-2.

871 IAC 24.25(4) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to Iowa Code section 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving Iowa Code section 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(4) The claimant was absent for three days without giving notice to employer in violation of company rule.

The claimant was deemed to have voluntarily quit on April 20, 2006, after three days of no-call/no-show. The claimant failed to participate in the hearing and there is no evidence to establish that he quit with good cause attributable to the employer. Consequently, benefits are denied.

DECISION:

The May 15, 2006, reference 01, decision is reversed. The claimant voluntarily left his employment without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are denied until such time as he has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times his weekly benefit amount, provided he is otherwise eligible.

je/cs