

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**CASIE KUECK**  
Claimant

**APPEAL NO: 13A-UI-01150-ET**

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE  
DECISION**

**COBB MANAGEMENT LLC**  
Employer

**OC: 03-25-12**  
**Claimant: Appellant (1)**

Section 96.5-2-a – Discharge/Misconduct  
871 IAC 26.8(5) – Decision on the Record

**STATEMENT OF THE CASE:**

The claimant/appellant filed a timely appeal from the January 18, 2013, reference 03, decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a hearing was scheduled by telephone conference call before Administrative Law Judge Julie Elder on February 26, 2013. The appellant did not respond to the hearing notice until 10:07 a.m. and did not participate in the hearing. She received the hearing notice but had not read the instructions and consequently did not call the Appeals Section prior to the hearing or within the 15 minute grace period allowed. Based on the appellant's failure to participate in the hearing, the available evidence in the administrative file and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law and decision.

**ISSUE:**

The issue is whether the representative's decision should be affirmed.

**FINDINGS OF FACT:**

Having considered all of the available evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The parties were properly notified of the scheduled hearing on this appeal. The appellant did not respond to the hearing notice until 10:07 a.m. and did not participate in the hearing. She received the hearing notice but had not read the instructions and consequently did not call the Appeals Section prior to the hearing or within the 15 minute grace period allowed.

The administrative law judge has conducted a careful review of the available administrative file to determine whether the unemployment insurance decision should be affirmed.

**REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

871 IAC 26.8(3), (4) and (5) provide:

Withdrawals and postponements.

(3) If, due to emergency or other good cause, a party, having received due notice, is unable to attend a hearing or request postponement within the prescribed time, the presiding officer may, if no decision has been issued, reopen the record and, with notice to all parties, schedule another hearing. If a decision has been issued, the decision may be vacated upon the presiding officer's own motion or at the request of a party within 15 days after the mailing date of the decision and in the absence of an appeal to the employment appeal board of the department of inspections and appeals. If a decision is vacated, notice shall be given to all parties of a new hearing to be held and decided by another presiding officer. Once a decision has become final as provided by statute, the presiding officer has no jurisdiction to reopen the record or vacate the decision.

(4) A request to reopen a record or vacate a decision may be heard ex parte by the presiding officer. The granting or denial of such a request may be used as a grounds for appeal to the employment appeal board of the department of inspections and appeals upon the issuance of the presiding officer's final decision in the case.

(5) If good cause for postponement or reopening has not been shown, the presiding officer shall make a decision based upon whatever evidence is properly in the record.

Pursuant to the rule, the appellant must make a written request to the administrative law judge that the hearing be reopened within 15 days after the mailing date of the decision. The written request should be mailed to the administrative law judge at the address listed at the beginning of this decision and must explain the emergency or other good cause that prevented the appellant from participating in the hearing at its scheduled time.

**DECISION:**

The unemployment insurance decision dated January 18, 2013, reference 03, is affirmed. The representative's decision denying benefits to the claimant remains in effect. This decision will become final unless a written request establishing good cause to reopen the record is made to the administrative law judge within 15 days of the date of this decision.

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Julie Elder  
Administrative Law Judge

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Decision Dated and Mailed

je/css