IN THE IOWA ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS DIVISION UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

LARRY J MCKIM

Claimant

APPEAL 23A-UI-09861-LJ-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

WALMART INC

Employer

OC: 09/17/23

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Ability to and Availability for Work

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

On October 15, 2023, claimant Larry J. McKim filed an appeal from the October 11, 2023 (reference 03) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits effective September 1, 2023 based on a determination that he requested and was granted a leave of absence. The administrative hearings division provided proper notice for this hearing. The undersigned administrative law judge held a telephonic hearing at 9:30 a.m. on Tuesday, November 7, 2023. Claimant Larry J. McKim participated. Claimant's wife, Lori McKim, also testified. Employer Walmart Inc., participated through Angel Thompson, Unemployment Hearings Manager. No exhibits were offered or admitted.

ISSUE:

Is the claimant able to work and available for work? Is the claimant on an approved leave of absence?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant began working for this employer in October 2018. He currently holds a part-time position as an asset protection associate. Since August 30, 2023, claimant has been on a "job reassignment" leave of absence due to non-work-related restrictions affecting his physical ability to work.

Claimant had an employee medical leave of absence request and two intermittent leave accommodation requests, applied for between August 13 and August 17, 2023, that the employer denied due to claimant not having worked enough hours in the past year. The medical documentation supporting these accommodation requests contained restrictions on claimant's ability to work. Claimant's current restrictions prevent him from bending, reaching overhead, standing, and lifting more than ten pounds. The employer needs its asset protection associates to be physically prepared to run after people attempting to steal merchandise and perform other physically demanding duties.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes claimant is not currently able to work. Benefits are withheld.

Iowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.1A, subsection 37, paragraph "b", subparagraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.1A, subsection 37, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22(1) provides:

Benefits eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

- (1) Able to work. An individual must be physically and mentally able to work in some gainful employment, not necessarily in the individual's customary occupation, but which is engaged in by others as a means of livelihood.
- a. Illness, injury or pregnancy. Each case is decided upon an individual basis, recognizing that various work opportunities present different physical requirements. A statement from a medical practitioner is considered prima facie evidence of the physical ability of the individual to perform the work required. A pregnant individual must meet the same criteria for determining ableness as do all other individuals.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(6), (11), and (35) provide:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work. ...

(6) If an individual has a medical report on file submitted by a physician, stating such individual is not presently able to work.

. . .

(11) Failure to report as directed to workforce development in response to the notice which was mailed to the claimant will result in the claimant being deemed not to meet the availability requirements.

...

(35) Where the claimant is not able to work and is under the care of a medical practitioner and has not been released as being able to work.

For an unemployed individual to be eligible to receive benefits, she must be able to work, available for work, and actively seeking work as required by the unemployment insurance law. lowa Code § 96.4(3). The burden is on the claimant to establish that she is able and available for work within the meaning of the statute. lowa Code § 96.6(2); lowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22.

In this case, claimant's ability to and availability for work are measured against his current position with Walmart Inc. Claimant's multiple restrictions preventing him from performing a variety of physical job duties sufficiently restrict him from working in his usual occupation for the employer. Because claimant's restrictions are related to a non-work-related medical condition, the employer is not obligated to accommodate them for purposes of the unemployment insurance benefits analysis. Accordingly, benefits are withheld and shall continue to be withheld until claimant establishes his ability to and availability for work.

DECISION:

The October 11, 2023 (reference 03) unemployment insurance decision is affirmed. Claimant is not currently able to and available for work. Benefits are withheld.

Should claimant receive a medical note releasing him to return to work without any restrictions, he must present that to Iowa Workforce Development or his local IowaWorks office and his ability to and availability for work will be reevaluated at that time.

Elizabeth A. Johnson Administrative Law Judge

November 9, 2023_

Decision Dated and Mailed

LJ/jkb

APPEAL RIGHTS. If you disagree with the decision, you or any interested party may:

1. Appeal to the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days of the date under the judge's signature by submitting a written appeal via mail, fax, or online to:

Iowa Employment Appeal Board 6200 Park Avenue Suite 100 Des Moines, Iowa 50321 Fax: (515)281-7191 Online: eab.iowa.gov

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD SHALL STATE CLEARLY:

- 1) The name, address, and social security number of the claimant.
- 2) A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
- 3) That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- 4) The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

An Employment Appeal Board decision is final agency action. If a party disagrees with the Employment Appeal Board decision, they may then file a petition for judicial review in district court.

2. If no one files an appeal of the judge's decision with the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days, the decision becomes final agency action, and you have the option to file a petition for judicial review in District Court within thirty (30) days after the decision becomes final. Additional information on how to file a petition can be found at Iowa Code §17A.19, which is online at https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf or by contacting the District Court Clerk of Court https://www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/.

Note to Parties: YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in the appeal or obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds.

Note to Claimant: It is important that you file your weekly claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

A true and correct copy of this decision was mailed to each of the parties listed.

DERECHOS DE APELACIÓN. Si no está de acuerdo con la decisión, usted o cualquier parte interesada puede:

1. Apelar a la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo dentro de los quince (15) días de la fecha bajo la firma del juez presentando una apelación por escrito por correo, fax o en línea a:

Iowa Employment Appeal Board 6200 Park Avenue Suite 100 Des Moines, Iowa 50321 Fax: (515)281-7191 En línea: eab.iowa.gov

El período de apelación se extenderá hasta el siguiente día hábil si el último día para apelar cae en fin de semana o día feriado legal.

UNA APELACIÓN A LA JUNTA DEBE ESTABLECER CLARAMENTE:

- 1) El nombre, dirección y número de seguro social del reclamante.
- 2) Una referencia a la decisión de la que se toma la apelación.
- 3) Que se interponga recurso de apelación contra tal decisión y se firme dicho recurso.
- 4) Los fundamentos en que se funda dicho recurso.

Una decisión de la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo es una acción final de la agencia. Si una de las partes no está de acuerdo con la decisión de la Junta de Apelación de Empleo, puede presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el tribunal de distrito.

2. Si nadie presenta una apelación de la decisión del juez ante la Junta de Apelaciones Laborales dentro de los quince (15) días, la decisión se convierte en acción final de la agencia y usted tiene la opción de presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el Tribunal de Distrito dentro de los treinta (30) días después de que la decisión adquiera firmeza. Puede encontrar información adicional sobre cómo presentar una petición en el Código de Iowa §17A.19, que se encuentra en línea en https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf o comunicándose con el Tribunal de Distrito Secretario del tribunal https:///www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/.

Nota para las partes: USTED PUEDE REPRESENTARSE en la apelación u obtener un abogado u otra parte interesada para que lo haga, siempre que no haya gastos para Workforce Development. Si desea ser representado por un abogado, puede obtener los servicios de un abogado privado o uno cuyos servicios se paguen con fondos públicos.

Nota para el reclamante: es importante que presente su reclamo semanal según las instrucciones, mientras esta apelación está pendiente, para proteger su derecho continuo a los beneficios.

SERVICIO DE INFORMACIÓN:

Se envió por correo una copia fiel y correcta de esta decisión a cada una de las partes enumeradas.