IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

Claimant: Appellant (1)

	68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - El
CHERECE R ARMSTRONG Claimant	APPEAL NO. 14A-UI-02468-S2T
	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION
L A LEASING INC Employer	
	OC: 02/02/14

Section 96.5-1 - Voluntary Quit

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Cherece Armstrong (claimant) appealed a representative's February 27, 2014, decision (reference 03) that concluded she was not eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits because she voluntarily quit work with L.A. Leasing (employer). After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was scheduled for March 27, 2014. The claimant participated personally. The employer participated by Maria Mays, Risk Administrative Assistant, and James Cole, Site Manager.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant was separated from employment for any disqualifying reason.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The employer is a temporary employment agency. The claimant was hired on August 30, 1999. She worked her last assignment from December 16, 2013, through January 22, 2014. On January 24, 2014, the claimant signed resignation paperwork indicating her desire to guit. Continued work was available had the claimant not resigned.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow the administrative law judge concludes the claimant voluntarily quit work without good cause attributable to the employer.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

A voluntary leaving of employment requires an intention to terminate the employment relationship accompanied by an overt act of carrying out that intention. Local Lodge #1426 v. Wilson Trailer, 289 N.W.2d 608, 612 (Iowa 1980). The claimant's intention to voluntarily leave work was evidenced by the claimant's actions. The claimant wrote out a resignation and stopped appearing for work. There was no evidence presented at the hearing of good cause attributable to the employer. The claimant voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are denied.

DECISION:

The representative's February 27, 2014, decision (reference 03) is affirmed. The claimant voluntarily left work without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are withheld until the claimant has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible.

Beth A. Scheetz Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

bas/pjs