IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (0-06) - 3001078 - EL

LEEKEY BOKMIJ Claimant	APPEAL NO. 13A-UI-09215-MT
	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION
THE CROWN GROUP INCORPORATED Employer	
	OC: 12/23/12 Claimant: Respondent (2R)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit Section 96.3-7 – Recovery of Overpayment of Benefits, Employer Chargeability for non participation at Fact Finding

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Employer filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated July 30, 2013, reference 02, which held claimant eligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on September 16, 2013. Claimant participated. Employer participated by Joan Johnson, Human Resource Manager.

ISSUES:

The issues in this matter are whether the claimant quit for good cause attributable to the employer, whether claimant is overpaid unemployment insurance benefits and whether employer's account is charged due to non participation at fact finding.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on May 31, 2013. Claimant was asked to provide information for an immigration form called an I-9. Claimant needed two forms of identification. Claimant was not able to provide two forms of identification. Employer was unable to continue to employ claimant without two forms of identification.

Employer did not participate at the fact-finding interview. Employer failed to participate at fact finding because of unknown reasons.

There is no evidence that proves claimant received benefits due to fraud or willful misrepresentation.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has failed to establish that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to the employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because he did not have sufficient identification to prove he was a legal immigrant pursuant to I-9 requirements.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

The next issue concerns an overpayment of unemployment insurance benefits and charges to employer's account.

Fraud or willful misrepresentation by the claimant means providing knowingly false statements or knowingly false denials of material facts for the purpose of obtaining unemployment benefits. *See* 871 IAC 24.10(4).

Employer participation would include testimony from a firsthand witness or the name and number of a firsthand witness who may be contacted for rebuttal. It could also include a detailed written statement or documents that provide specific, factual information regarding the separation. At a minimum, the employer's information regarding a discharge must include the dates, particular circumstances and the act or omissions of the claimant. A voluntary separation should include the stated reason for the quit. See 871 IAC 24.10(1)

Statements or general conclusions without supporting detailed factual information and/or information submitted after the fact-finding interview are not considered participation within the meaning of the statute. See 871 IAC 24.10(1)

The unemployment insurance law requires benefits be recovered from a claimant who receives benefits and is later denied benefits even if the claimant acted in good faith and was not at fault. However, a claimant will not have to repay an overpayment when an initial decision to award benefits on an employment separation issue is reversed on appeal if two conditions are met: (1) the claimant did not receive the benefits due to fraud or willful misrepresentation, and (2) the employer failed to participate in the initial proceeding that awarded benefits. In addition, if a claimant is not required to repay an overpayment because the employer failed to participate in the initial proceeding for the overpaid benefits. Iowa Code § 96.3-7-a, -b.

Claimant's overpayment is waived because employer did not participate at fact finding.

This matter is remanded to determine the amount of charges, if any, made to employer's account.

DECISION:

The decision of the representative dated July 30, 2013, reference 02, is reversed and remanded for determination of employer's account charges. Unemployment insurance benefits shall be withheld until claimant has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Marlon Mormann Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

mdm/pjs