IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

DANIEL R THOMPSON

Claimant

APPEAL NO: 16A-UI-12120-JTT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

DECISION

TRI CITY FOODS OF IOWA INC

Employer

OC: 01/31/16

Claimant: Appellant (6)

Iowa Code § 17A.12(3) – Default Decision Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-26.14(7) – Dismissal of Appeal on Default

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Daniel Thompson filed an appeal from the November 2, 2016, reference 04, decision that disqualified him for benefits and that relieved the employer of liability for benefits, based on an agency conclusion that he had voluntarily quit on October 6, 2016 without good cause attributable to the employer by being absent three consecutive days without notice to the employer. A notice of hearing was mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record for a telephone hearing to be held at 9:00 a.m. on November 30, 2016. The employer was available through Monica Kelley. The claimant/appellant, Mr. Thompson, was not available at the telephone number he had provided for the hearing and did not participate. Based upon the claimant/appellant's failure to participate in the hearing and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law and decision.

ISSUE:

Should the appeal be dismissed based upon the claimant/appellant not participating in the hearing?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Claimant Daniel Thompson is the appellant in this matter. The parties were properly notified of the scheduled hearing on this appeal. The claimant/appellant was not available at the telephone number provided for the hearing and did not participate in the hearing or request a postponement of the hearing as required by the hearing notice. At the time set for the hearing, the administrative law judge made two attempts to reach the claimant for the hearing. Mr. Thompson did not answer his phone on either attempt. Because there was no answering machine attached to the number, the administrative law judge could not leave a message for Mr. Thompson. On each attempt to reach Mr. Thompson, the administrative law judge allowed the Clear2There calling system to continue its attempt to reach Mr. Thompson for an extended period, until the system returned a message that there was no answer.

The November 2, 2016, reference 04, decision disqualified Mr. Thompson for benefits and relieved the employer of liability for benefits, based on an agency conclusion that Mr. Thompson

had voluntarily quit on October 6, 2016 without good cause attributable to the employer by being absent three consecutive days without notice to the employer.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The Iowa Administrative Procedures Act at Iowa Code § 17A.12(3) provides in pertinent part:

If a party fails to appear or participate in a contested case proceeding after proper service of notice, the presiding officer may, if no adjournment is granted, enter a default decision or proceed with the hearing and make a decision in the absence of the party. ... If a decision is rendered against a party who failed to appear for the hearing and the presiding officer is timely requested by that party to vacate the decision for good cause, the time for initiating a further appeal is stayed pending a determination by the presiding officer to grant or deny the request. If adequate reasons are provided showing good cause for the party's failure to appear, the presiding officer shall vacate the decision and, after proper service of notice, conduct another evidentiary hearing. If adequate reasons are not provided showing good cause for the party's failure to appear, the presiding officer shall deny the motion to vacate.

The Agency rules at Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-26.14(7) provide:

If a party has not responded to a notice of telephone hearing by providing the appeals bureau with the names and telephone numbers of the persons who are participating in the hearing by the scheduled starting time of the hearing or is not available at the telephone number provided, the presiding officer may proceed with the hearing. If the appealing party fails to provide a telephone number or is unavailable for the hearing, the presiding officer may decide the appealing party is in default and dismiss the appeal as provided in Iowa Code section 17A.12(3). The record may be reopened if the absent party makes a request to reopen the hearing under subrule 26.8(3) and shows good cause for reopening the hearing.

- a. If an absent party responds to the hearing notice while the hearing is in progress, the presiding officer shall pause to admit the party, summarize the hearing to that point, administer the oath, and resume the hearing.
- b. If a party responds to the notice of hearing after the record has been closed and any party which has participated is no longer on the telephone line, the presiding officer shall not take the evidence of the late party. Instead, the presiding officer shall inquire ex parte as to why the party was late in responding to the notice of hearing. For good cause shown, the presiding officer shall reopen the record and cause further notice of hearing to be issued to all parties of record. The record shall not be reopened if the presiding officer does not find good cause for the party's late response to the notice of hearing.
- c. Failure to read or follow the instructions on the notice of hearing shall not constitute good cause for reopening the record.

The claimant/appellant appealed the representative's decision but failed to participate in the hearing. The claimant/appellant has therefore defaulted on his appeal pursuant to lowa Code §17A.12(3) and lowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.14(7), and the representative's decision remains in force and effect.

If the claimant/appellant disagrees with this decision, pursuant to the rule, the claimant/appellant must make a written request to the administrative law judge that the hearing be reopened within 15 days after the mailing date of this decision. The written request should be mailed to the administrative law judge at the address listed at the end of this decision and must explain the emergency or other good cause that prevented the claimant/appellant from participating in the hearing at its scheduled time.

DECISION:

The November 2, 2016, reference 04, decision is affirmed. The decision that disqualified the claimant for benefits and that relieved the employer of liability for benefits, based on an agency conclusion that the claimant voluntarily quit on October 6, 2016 without good cause attributable to the employer by being absent three consecutive days without notice to the employer, remains in effect.

James E. Timberland
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Decision Dated and Mailed

jet/rvs