IN THE IOWA ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS DIVISION UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

ANTONISHA S COX

Claimant

APPEAL 24A-UI-06355-ED-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DIST

Employer

OC: 06/23/24

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.4(5) – Academic Term Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Able and Available

Iowa Code § 96.19(38) – Totally, Partially or Temporarily Unemployed

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The Claimant/Appellant, Antonisha Cox, filed an appeal from the July 9, 2024 (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits as of June 23, 2024. The parties were properly notified of the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on July 26, 2024. The claimant, Antonisha Cox, participated personally. The employer, College Community School District, participated through Jeri Moritz and Chris Hartgrave. Employer's Exhibit A was offered and admitted into the record. The Claimant did not offer any exhibits into the record. Notice was taken of the claimant's administrative record.

ISSUES:

Whether the claimant is disqualified for unemployment insurance benefits based on the between-academic-terms disqualification set forth at lowa Code Section 96.4(5).

Whether the claimant is able and available to work?

Is the claimant totally, partially, or temporarily unemployed

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant began her employment with College Community School District on January 2, 2023. Claimant worked as a part-time bus driver. The claimant's position ended at the end of the 2023-2024 academic year. Claimant was given reasonable assurance that the same position would be available for her for the 2024 - 2025 school year. The parties anticipate that the claimant will report for training in August 2024. The claimant will receive better pay in the 2024 - 2025 school year than she had in the 2023 - 2024 year. The District does not have work for the claimant during the summer break between academic terms, however, she can apply for work with the childcare center if she chooses. The claimant established an original claim for benefits that was effective June 23, 2024. Throughout the base period, the claimant's sole employment consisted of the part-time, bus driver work. College Community School District is the sole base period employer. IWD has not paid benefits in connection with the claim.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The between academic terms disqualification set forth at Iowa Code section 96.4(5) provides as follows:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

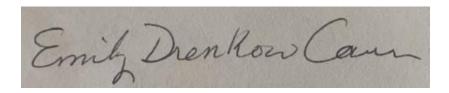
- 5 .Benefits based on service in employment in a nonprofit organization or government entity, defined in section 96.19, subsection 18, are payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the same basis of other service subject to this chapter, except that:
- a. Benefits based on service in an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity in an educational institution including service in or provided to or on behalf of an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency, a government entity, or a nonprofit organization shall not be paid to an individual for any week of unemployment which begins during the period between two successive academic years or during a similar period between two regular terms, whether or not successive, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, if the individual has a contract or reasonable assurance that the individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution for both such academic years or both such terms. ...
- c. With respect to services for an educational institution in any capacity under paragraph "a" or "b", benefits shall not be paid to an individual for any week of unemployment which begins during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if the individual performs the services in the period immediately before such vacation period or holiday recess, and the individual has reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the services in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess.
- d. For purposes of this subsection, "educational service agency" means a governmental agency or government entity which is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing educational services to one or more educational institutions.

lowa Admin. Code r. 87124.51(6) defines "reasonable assurance" as follows

Reasonable assurance, as applicable to an employee of an educational institution, means a written, verbal, or implied agreement that the employee will perform services in the same or similar capacity, which is not substantially less in economic terms and conditions, during the ensuing academic year or term. It need not be a formal written contract. To constitute a reasonable assurance of reemployment for the ensuing academic year or term, an individual must be notified of such reemployment.

Ms. Cox is not eligible for benefits for the period beginning July 9, 2024. Ms. Cox is employed by an educational institution as a bus driver. Ms. Cox's claim and period of unemployment fall within the traditional summer break between academic years. Prior to establishing the claim for benefits, Ms. Cox had reasonable assurance that the District would have similar work, but with better pay and other better conditions of employment, available at the end of the traditional summer break between academic years. Benefits are denied.

DECISION: The July 9, 2024 (reference 01) decision is affirmed. The claimant is disqualified for benefits for the period beginning June 23, 2024, based on the between-academic-terms disqualification provisions of Iowa Code section 96.4(5). Benefits are denied effective June 23, 2024.



Emily Drenkow Carr Administrative Law Judge

July 29, 2024 Decision Dated and Mailed

ED/scn

APPEAL RIGHTS. If you disagree with the decision, you or any interested party may:

1. Appeal to the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days of the date under the judge's signature by submitting a written appeal via mail, fax, or online to:

Iowa Employment Appeal Board 6200 Park Avenue, Suite 100 Des Moines, Iowa 50321 Fax: (515)281-7191 Online: eab.iowa.gov

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD SHALL STATE CLEARLY:

- 1) The name, address, and social security number of the claimant.
- 2) A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
- 3) That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- 4) The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

An Employment Appeal Board decision is final agency action. If a party disagrees with the Employment Appeal Board decision, they may then file a petition for judicial review in district court.

2. If no one files an appeal of the judge's decision with the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days, the decision becomes final agency action, and you have the option to file a petition for judicial review in District Court within thirty (30) days after the decision becomes final. Additional information on how to file a petition can be found at lowa Code §17A.19, which is online at https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf or by contacting the District Court Clerk of Court https://www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/.

Note to Parties: YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in the appeal or obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds.

Note to Claimant: It is important that you file your weekly claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

A true and correct copy of this decision was mailed to each of the parties listed.

DERECHOS DE APELACIÓN. Si no está de acuerdo con la decisión, usted o cualquier parte interesada puede:

1. Apelar a la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo dentro de los quince (15) días de la fecha bajo la firma del juez presentando una apelación por escrito por correo, fax o en línea a:

Iowa Employment Appeal Board 6200 Park Avenue, Suite 100 Des Moines, Iowa 50321 Fax: (515)281-7191 En línea: eab.iowa.gov

El período de apelación se extenderá hasta el siguiente día hábil si el último día para apelar cae en fin de semana o día feriado legal.

UNA APELACIÓN A LA JUNTA DEBE ESTABLECER CLARAMENTE:

- 1) El nombre, dirección y número de seguro social del reclamante.
- 2) Una referencia a la decisión de la que se toma la apelación.
- 3) Que se interponga recurso de apelación contra tal decisión y se firme dicho recurso.
- 4) Los fundamentos en que se funda dicho recurso.

Una decisión de la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo es una acción final de la agencia. Si una de las partes no está de acuerdo con la decisión de la Junta de Apelación de Empleo, puede presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el tribunal de distrito.

2. Si nadie presenta una apelación de la decisión del juez ante la Junta de Apelaciones Laborales dentro de los quince (15) días, la decisión se convierte en acción final de la agencia y usted tiene la opción de presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el Tribunal de Distrito dentro de los treinta (30) días después de que la decisión adquiera firmeza. Puede encontrar información adicional sobre cómo presentar una petición en el Código de lowa §17A.19, que se encuentra en línea en https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf o comunicándose con el Tribunal de Distrito Secretario del tribunal https:///www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/.

Nota para las partes: USTED PUEDE REPRESENTARSE en la apelación u obtener un abogado u otra parte interesada para que lo haga, siempre que no haya gastos para Workforce Development. Si desea ser representado por un abogado, puede obtener los servicios de un abogado privado o uno cuyos servicios se paguen con fondos públicos.

Nota para el reclamante: es importante que presente su reclamo semanal según las instrucciones, mientras esta apelación está pendiente, para proteger su derecho continuo a los beneficios.

SERVICIO DE INFORMACIÓN:

Se envió por correo una copia fiel y correcta de esta decisión a cada una de las partes enumeradas.