IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

TODD W BARBER

Claimant

APPEAL 20A-UI-01867-CL-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

CJ STORK TRANSFER INC

Employer

OC: 01/26/20

Claimant: Respondent (4)

Iowa Code § 96.6(2) – Timeliness of Protest Chapter 96 – Regualification

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

On February 28, 2020, the employer filed an appeal from the February 19, 2020, (reference 03) unemployment insurance decision that allowed benefits based on an untimely protest. The parties were properly notified about the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on March 17, 2020. Claimant did not register for the hearing and did not participate. Employer participated through president Craig Stork.

ISSUES:

Is the employer's protest timely? Has the claimant requalified for benefits since the separation from this employer?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant filed a claim for unemployment insurance benefits with an effective date of January 26, 2020. On January 28, 2020, Iowa Workforce Development (IWD) mailed a notice of claim to employer's last address of record. The notice of claim warned that a response was due by February 7, 2020. Employer received the notice of claim by January 31, 2020, as it completed its response that day. Employer put the response in the United States mail that day or the next day. The postmark on the envelope is illegible. On February 17, 2020, Iowa Workforce Development received the response in the mail.

The claimant has requalified for benefits since the separation from this employer and prior to filing this claim for unemployment insurance benefits.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

Iowa Code section 96.6(2) provides, in pertinent part:

2. Initial determination. A representative designated by the director shall promptly notify all interested parties to the claim of its filing, and the parties have ten days from the date

of mailing the notice of the filing of the claim by ordinary mail to the last known address to protest payment of benefits to the claimant.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.8(2) provides:

Notifying employing units of claims filed, requests for wage and separation information, and decisions made.

- 24.8(2) Responding by employing units to a notice of the filing of an initial claim or a request for wage and separation information and protesting the payment of benefits.
- a. The employing unit which receives a Form 65-5317, Notice of Claim, or Form 68-0221, Request for Wage and Separation Information, must, within ten days of the date of the notice or request, submit to the department wage or separation information that affects the individual's rights to benefits, including any facts which disclose that the individual separated from employment voluntarily and without good cause attributable to the employer or was discharged for misconduct in connection with employment.
- b. The employing unit may protest the payment of benefits if the protest is postmarked within ten days of the date of the notice of the filing of an initial claim. In the event that the tenth day falls on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the protest period is extended to the next working day of the department. If the employing unit has filed a timely report of facts that might adversely affect the individual's benefit rights, the report shall be considered as a protest to the payment of benefits.
- c. If the employing unit protests that the individual was not an employee and it is subsequently determined that the individual's name was changed, the employing unit shall be deemed to have not been properly notified and the employing unit shall again be provided the opportunity to respond to the notice of the filing of the initial claim.
- d. The employing unit has the option of notifying the department under conditions which, in the opinion of the employing unit, may disqualify an individual from receiving benefits. The notification may be submitted electronically.
- (1) The Notice of Separation, Form 60-0154, must be postmarked or received before or within ten days of the date that the Notice of Claim, Form 65-5317, was mailed to the employer. In the event that the tenth day falls on Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the protest period is extended to the next working day of the department. If a claim for unemployment insurance benefits has not been filed, the Notice of Separation may be accepted at any time.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(1),(2) provides:

Date of submission and extension of time for payments and notices.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided by statute or by division rule, any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document submitted to the division shall be considered received by and filed with the division:
- a. If transmitted via the United States Postal Service on the date it is mailed as shown by the postmark, or in the absence of a postmark the postage meter mark of the envelope in which it is received; or if not postmarked or postage meter marked **or if the**

mark is illegible, on the date entered on the document as the date of completion. (emphasis added)

- b. If transmitted via the State Identification Data Exchange System (SIDES), maintained by the United States Department of Labor, on the date is was submitted to SIDES.
- c. If transmitted by any means other than those outlined in paragraphs 24.35(1)"a" and "b," on the date it is received by the division.
- (2) The submission of any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document not within the specified statutory or regulatory period shall be considered timely if it is established to the satisfaction of the division that the delay in submission was due to division error or misinformation or to delay or other action of the United States postal service.
- a. For submission that is not within the statutory or regulatory period to be considered timely, the interested party must submit a written explanation setting forth the circumstances of the delay.
- b. The division shall designate personnel who are to decide whether an extension of time shall be granted.
- c. No submission shall be considered timely if the delay in filing was unreasonable, as determined by the division after considering the circumstances in the case.
- d. If submission is not considered timely, although the interested party contends that the delay was due to division error or misinformation or delay or other action of the United States postal service, the division shall issue an appealable decision to the interested party.

In this case, Iowa Workforce Development chose to retain only a copy of the envelope containing the protest of claimant's notice of claim. The copy of the postmarked envelope is illegible. Therefore, the protest is considered to have been received on the date it was completed. The protest was completed on January 31, 2020, which is prior to the deadline by which the protest was due. Additionally, employer credibly testified it put the envelope in the mail prior to the deadline. Therefore, the protest was submitted within ten days of the notice of claim being sent and is considered timely.

Claimant has requalified for benefits since the separation from this employer. Accordingly, benefits are allowed provided he is otherwise eligible, and the account of the employer shall not be charged.

DECISION:

The February 19, 2020, (reference 03) unemployment insurance decision is modified in favor employer. The protest in this case shall be accepted as timely. The claimant has requalified for benefits since separating from this employer. Therefore, benefits are allowed and this employer will not be charged.

Christine A. Louis

Administrative Law Judge
Unemployment Insurance Appeals Bureau
1000 East Grand Avenue
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Fax (515)478-3528

March 27, 2020

Decision Dated and Mailed

cal/scn