IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

DANIELLE R STINSON-BOGGESS

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 08A-UI-07512-S2T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

QWEST CORPORATION

Employer

OC: 07/06/08 R: 02 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Section 96.5-2-a – Discharge for Misconduct

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Danielle Stinson-Boggess (claimant) appealed a representative's August 14, 2008 decision (reference 02) that concluded she was not eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits because she was discharged from work with Qwest Corporation (employer) for violation of a known company rule. The claimant participated personally. The employer did not provide a telephone number where it could be reached and, therefore, did not participate in the hearing.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant was discharged for misconduct.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant was hired on January 21, 2008, as a full-time bill and sales person. The claimant was tardy for work on March 10, 24, 28, April 10, 14, 22 and June 23, 2008. Three of the occasions were due to doctor's appointments. The employer issued the claimant written warnings on March 25, April 16, 29, and June 26, 2008. The employer notified the claimant that further infractions could result in termination from employment.

On July 8, 2008, the claimant went to lunch and illegally parked her car in an area she had previously parked. The car was towed and she was ticketed. The claimant was 23 minutes late returning to work after lunch. The employer terminated the claimant on July 9, 2008.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow the administrative law judge concludes the claimant was discharged for misconduct.

Iowa Code section 96.5-2-a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

- 2. Discharge for misconduct. If the department finds that the individual has been discharged for misconduct in connection with the individual's employment:
- a. The individual shall be disqualified for benefits until the individual has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the individual's weekly benefit amount, provided the individual is otherwise eligible.

871 IAC 24.32(7) provides:

(7) Excessive unexcused absenteeism. Excessive unexcused absenteeism is an intentional disregard of the duty owed by the claimant to the employer and shall be considered misconduct except for illness or other reasonable grounds for which the employee was absent and that were properly reported to the employer.

The determination of whether unexcused absenteeism is excessive necessarily requires consideration of past acts and warnings. The term "absenteeism" also encompasses conduct that is more accurately referred to as "tardiness." An absence is an extended tardiness, and an incident of tardiness is a limited absence. Absences related to issues of personal responsibility such as transportation, lack of childcare, and oversleeping are not considered excused. Higgins v. lowa Department of Job Service, 350 N.W.2d 187 (lowa 1984).

An employer is entitled to expect its employees to report to work as scheduled or to be notified when and why the employee is unable to report to work. The employer has established that the claimant was warned that further unexcused absences could result in termination of employment and the final absence was not excused. The final absence, in combination with the claimant's history of unexcused absenteeism, is considered excessive. Benefits are withheld.

DECISION:

The representative's August 14, 2008 decision (reference 02) is affirmed. The claimant is not eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits because the claimant was discharged from work for misconduct. Benefits are withheld until the claimant has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible.

Beth A. Scheetz	
Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	

bas/css