# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**DEBBIE L SLAYMAKER** 

Claimant

**APPEAL NO. 13A-UI-02867-HT** 

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

BRIDGEVIEW COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CENTER/BRIDGEVIEW

Employer

OC: 11/11/12

Claimant: Respondent (4/R)

Section 96.4(3) – Able and Available

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The employer, Bridgeview, filed an appeal from a decision dated March 8, 2013, reference 02. The decision allowed benefits to the claimant, Debbie Slaymaker. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held by telephone conference call on April 8, 2013.

The claimant participated had provided a telephone number which was the same as that provided by the employer. The claimant had called in sick on the day of the hearing and did not provide an alternative phone number where she could be contacted.

The employer participated by Executive Director Marsha Christiansen.

## ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant is able and available.

#### FINDINGS OF FACT:

Debbie Slaymaker filed a claim for unemployment benefits with an effective date of November 11, 2012. She reopened her claim effective January 6, 2013, and filed a weekly claim through February 23, 2013. The employer disputes only her availability for the weeks ending February 2 and February 23, 2013, because she called in sick two out of three days each of those weeks.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

Iowa Code section 96.4-3 provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially

unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph 1, or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

# 871 IAC 24.23(29) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(29) Failure to work the major portion of the scheduled workweek for the claimant's regular employer.

The claimant was not able and available to her regular employer for the weeks ending February 2 and 23, 2013, because she was ill the major portion of her scheduled shifts. Under the provisions of the above Administrative Code section she is not eligible for benefits those weeks because she was not able and available for work.

lowa Code section 96.3-7, as amended in 2008, provides:

- 7. Recovery of overpayment of benefits.
- a. If an individual receives benefits for which the individual is subsequently determined to be ineligible, even though the individual acts in good faith and is not otherwise at fault, the benefits shall be recovered. The department in its discretion may recover the overpayment of benefits either by having a sum equal to the overpayment deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual or by having the individual pay to the department a sum equal to the overpayment.
- b. (1) If the department determines that an overpayment has been made, the charge for the overpayment against the employer's account shall be removed and the account shall be credited with an amount equal to the overpayment from the unemployment compensation trust fund and this credit shall include both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5. However, provided the benefits were not received as the result of fraud or willful misrepresentation by the individual, benefits shall not be recovered from an individual if the employer did not participate in the initial determination to award benefits pursuant to section 96.6, subsection 2, and an overpayment occurred because of a subsequent reversal on appeal regarding the issue of the individual's separation from employment. The employer shall not be charged with the benefits.
- (2) An accounting firm, agent, unemployment insurance accounting firm, or other entity that represents an employer in unemployment claim matters and demonstrates a continuous pattern of failing to participate in the initial determinations to award benefits, as determined and defined by rule by the department, shall be denied permission by the department to represent any employers in unemployment insurance matters. This subparagraph does not apply to attorneys or counselors admitted to practice in the courts of this state pursuant to section 602.10101.

Appeal No. 13A-UI-02867-HT

The claimant has received unemployment benefits to which she is not entitled. The question of whether the claimant must repay these benefits is remanded to the UIS division.

## **DECISION:**

The representative's decision of March 8, 2013, reference 02, is modified in favor of the appellant. Debbie Slaymaker is not eligible for benefits the weeks ending February 2 and 23, 2013. The issue of whether the claimant must repay the unemployment benefits is remanded to UIS division for determination.

Bonny G. Hendricksmeyer
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

bgh/tll