# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

**RACHELL REINIER** 

Claimant

**APPEAL 17A-UI-00701-DL-T** 

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

**ADVANCE SERVICES INC** 

Employer

OC: 12/25/16

Claimant: Respondent (1-R)

Iowa Code § 96.5(1)j – Voluntary Quitting – Temporary Employment

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The employer filed an appeal from the January 18, 2017, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision that allowed benefits based upon voluntarily quitting the employment. The parties were properly notified about the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on February 9, 2017. Claimant participated. Employer participated through risk manager Melissa Lewien and human resources coordinator Whittney Reinier, distant relation to claimant.

## ISSUE:

Did claimant quit by not reporting for additional work assignments within three business days of the end of the last assignment?

# **FINDINGS OF FACT:**

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant was employed as a full-time assembler at Pella Corporation (Pella) from September 6, 2016, through December 22, 2016. Pella held a meeting two weeks prior about when the assignment would end. Claimant sent an e-mail to ASI on December 20 and asked if there was other employment available. She was advised to report for a meeting on December 21. At that meeting the employer proposed a job with Pioneer at Hedrick, Iowa. The questions of any work offers or refusals and claimant's availability for work have not been addressed at the Benefits Bureau level.

### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant's separation was with good cause attributable to the employer.

Iowa Code section 96.5(1)j provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department. But the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:

- *j.* (1) The individual is a temporary employee of a temporary employment firm who notifies the temporary employment firm of completion of an employment assignment and who seeks reassignment. Failure of the individual to notify the temporary employment firm of completion of an employment assignment within three working days of the completion of each employment assignment under a contract of hire shall be deemed a voluntary quit unless the individual was not advised in writing of the duty to notify the temporary employment firm upon completion of an employment assignment or the individual had good cause for not contacting the temporary employment firm within three working days and notified the firm at the first reasonable opportunity thereafter.
- (2) To show that the employee was advised in writing of the notification requirement of this paragraph, the temporary employment firm shall advise the temporary employee by requiring the temporary employee, at the time of employment with the temporary employment firm, to read and sign a document that provides a clear and concise explanation of the notification requirement and the consequences of a failure to notify. The document shall be separate from any contract of employment and a copy of the signed document shall be provided to the temporary employee.
- (3) For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Temporary employee" means an individual who is employed by a temporary employment firm to provide services to clients to supplement their workforce during absences, seasonal workloads, temporary skill or labor market shortages, and for special assignments and projects.
- (b) "Temporary employment firm" means a person engaged in the business of employing temporary employees.

The purpose of the statute is to provide notice to the temporary agency employer that the claimant is available for and seeking work at the end of the temporary assignment. Since she contacted the employer within three working days of the notification of the end of the assignment, requested reassignment, and there was a question of available work, no disqualification is imposed.

#### **DECISION:**

The January 18, 2017, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision is affirmed. The claimant's separation from employment was attributable to the employer. Benefits are allowed, provided she is otherwise eligible.

**REMAND:** The work offer and availability for work issues delineated in the findings of fact is remanded to the Benefits Bureau of Iowa Workforce Development for a fact-finding interview and unemployment insurance decision.

Dévon M. Lewis Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	

dml/rvs