

**IN THE IOWA ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS DIVISION
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU**

TONY E JACKSON
Claimant

DIAMOND-DRIVES LLC
Employer

APPEAL 25A-UI-01453-DZ-T

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

**OC: 03/10/24
Claimant: Appellant (1)**

Iowa Code § 96.6(2) – Timely Appeal
Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Able to and Available for Work

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Tony E. Jackson, the claimant/appellant,¹ appealed the Iowa Workforce Development (IWD) January 24, 2025 (reference 02) unemployment insurance (UI) decision. IWD denied Mr. Jackson REGULAR (state) UI benefits as of December 22, 2024 because IWD concluded he was still employed with this employer in the same way he had been before he applied for UI benefits so he is not partially unemployed. Mr. Jackson appealed on February 19, 2025. On February 20, 2025, the Iowa Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing (DIAL), UI Appeals Bureau mailed a notice of hearing to Mr. Jackson and the employer for a telephone hearing scheduled for March 12, 2025.

The administrative law judge held a telephone hearing on March 12, 2025. Mr. Jackson participated in the hearing personally. The employer participated in the hearing through Angela Ketch, senior human resources analyst and Megan Milligan, hearing representative from Valeu NSN. The administrative law judge admitted Department's Exhibit 1 and Claimant's Exhibit A as evidence.

The administrative law judge concludes Mr. Jackson did not appeal the January 24, 2025 (reference 02) UI decision on time, so the decision stays in place.

ISSUES:

Did Mr. Jackson appeal on time?

Is Mr. Jackson able to and available for work as of December 22, 2024?

Is Mr. Jackson partially or temporarily unemployed as of December 22, 2024?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: IWD mailed the January 24, 2025 (reference 02) UI decision to Mr. Jackson at his correct mailing address. The

¹ Claimant is the person who applied for UI benefits. Appellant is the person or employer who appealed.

UI decision states that it becomes final unless an appeal is postmarked or received by the IWD Appeals Section by Monday, February 3, 2025.

Mr. Jackson received the decision in the mail. Mr. Jackson spoke with his team lead and Ms. Ketch about the decision, but he didn't believe the decision was an issue because IWD had already paid him UI benefits. Mr. Jackson did not appeal at this time.

Later, Mr. Jackson received another decision from IWD telling him that IWD overpaid him \$526.00 in UI benefits. Mr. Jackson spoke with an IWD representative on the phone, and spoke with an IWD representative in person on February 19 about the overpayment decision.

Mr. Jackson appealed via fax on February 19, 2025. The DIAL, UI Appeals Bureau received the appeal the same day.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes Mr. Jackson did not appeal the January 24, 2025 (reference 02) UI decision on time.

Iowa Code § 96.6(2) provides, in relevant part: “[u]nless the claimant or other interested party, after notification or within ten calendar days after notification was issued, files an appeal from the decision, the decision is final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance with the decision.”

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(1) and (2) provide, in relevant part:

1. Except as otherwise provided by statute or by division rule, any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document submitted to the division shall be considered received by and filed with the division:
 - a. If transmitted via the United States Postal Service on the date it is mailed as shown by the postmark, or in the absence of a postmark the postage meter mark of the envelope in which it is received; or if not postmarked or postage meter marked or if the mark is illegible, on the date entered on the document as the date of completion
 - b. If transmitted via the State Identification Data Exchange System (SIDES), maintained by the United States Department of Labor, on the date it was submitted to SIDES.
 - c. If transmitted by any means other than [United States Postal Service or the State Identification Data Exchange System (SIDES)], on the date it is received by the division.
2. The submission of any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document not within the specified statutory or regulatory period shall be considered timely if it is established to the satisfaction of the division that the delay in submission was due to division error or misinformation or to delay or other action of the United States postal service.

The Iowa Supreme Court has declared that there is a mandatory duty to file appeals from representatives' decisions within the time allotted by statute, and that the administrative law

judge has no authority to change the decision of a representative if a timely appeal is not filed.² Compliance with appeal notice provisions is jurisdictional unless the facts of a case show that the notice was invalid.³

Mr. Jackson received the January 24, 2025 (reference 02) UI decision before the appeal deadline so he could have appealed by the deadline. The notice provision of the decision was valid. Mr. Jackson's delay in appealing was not due to an error or misinformation from IWD or due to delay or other action of the United States Postal Service. Mr. Jackson has not established any other good cause reason for his delay in appealing. Mr. Jackson did not appeal the January 24, 2025 (reference 02) UI decision on time, so the administrative law judge does not have jurisdiction (authority) to decide the other issue in this matter.

DECISION:

Mr. Jackson did not appeal the January 24, 2025 (reference 02) UI decision on time. The January 24, 2025 (reference 02) UI decision is AFFIRMED.

/s/ *Daniel Zeno*

Daniel Zeno
Administrative Law Judge

March 13, 2025
Decision Dated and Mailed

r/s

² *Franklin v. IDJS*, 277 N.W.2d 877, 881 (Iowa 1979).

³ *Beardslee v. IDJS*, 276 N.W.2d 373, 377 (Iowa 1979); see also *In re Appeal of Elliott* 319 N.W.2d 244, 247 (Iowa 1982).

APPEAL RIGHTS. If you disagree with this decision, you or any interested party may:

1. Appeal to the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days of the date under the judge's signature by submitting a written appeal via mail, fax, or online to:

**Iowa Employment Appeal Board
6200 Park Avenue Suite 100
Des Moines IA 50321
Fax: (515)281-7191
Online: eab.iowa.gov**

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD SHALL STATE CLEARLY:

- 1) The name, address, and social security number of the claimant.
- 2) A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
- 3) That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- 4) The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

An Employment Appeal Board decision is final agency action. If a party disagrees with the Employment Appeal Board decision, they may then file a petition for judicial review in district court.

2. If no one files an appeal of the judge's decision with the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days, the decision becomes final agency action, and you have the option to file a petition for judicial review in District Court within thirty (30) days after the decision becomes final. Additional information on how to file a petition can be found at Iowa Code §17A.19, which is online at <https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf> or by contacting the District Court Clerk of Court <https://www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/>.

Note to Parties: YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in the appeal or obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds.

Note to Claimant: It is important that you file your weekly claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

A true and correct copy of this decision was mailed to each of the parties listed.

DERECHOS DE APELACIÓN. Si no está de acuerdo con la decisión, usted o cualquier parte interesada puede:

1. Apelar a la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo dentro de los quince (15) días de la fecha bajo la firma del juez presentando una apelación por escrito por correo, fax o en línea a:

**Iowa Employment Appeal Board
6200 Park Avenue Suite 100
Des Moines IA 50321
Fax: (515)281-7191
En línea: eab.iowa.gov**

El período de apelación se extenderá hasta el siguiente día hábil si el último día para apelar cae en fin de semana o día feriado legal.

UNA APELACIÓN A LA JUNTA DEBE ESTABLECER CLARAMENTE:

- 1) El nombre, dirección y número de seguro social del reclamante.
- 2) Una referencia a la decisión de la que se toma la apelación.
- 3) Que se interponga recurso de apelación contra tal decisión y se firme dicho recurso.
- 4) Los fundamentos en que se funda dicho recurso.

Una decisión de la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo es una acción final de la agencia. Si una de las partes no está de acuerdo con la decisión de la Junta de Apelación de Empleo, puede presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el tribunal de distrito.

2. Si nadie presenta una apelación de la decisión del juez ante la Junta de Apelaciones Laborales dentro de los quince (15) días, la decisión se convierte en acción final de la agencia y usted tiene la opción de presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el Tribunal de Distrito dentro de los treinta (30) días después de que la decisión adquiera firmeza. Puede encontrar información adicional sobre cómo presentar una petición en el Código de Iowa §17A.19, que se encuentra en línea en <https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf> o comunicándose con el Tribunal de Distrito Secretario del tribunal <https://www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/>.

Nota para las partes: USTED PUEDE REPRESENTARSE en la apelación u obtener un abogado u otra parte interesada para que lo haga, siempre que no haya gastos para Workforce Development. Si desea ser representado por un abogado, puede obtener los servicios de un abogado privado o uno cuyos servicios se paguen con fondos públicos.

Nota para el reclamante: es importante que presente su reclamo semanal según las instrucciones, mientras esta apelación está pendiente, para proteger su derecho continuo a los beneficios.

SERVICIO DE INFORMACIÓN:

Se envió por correo una copia fiel y correcta de esta decisión a cada una de las partes enumeradas.